United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



APPENDIX

0R178-1302

In The

United States Court of Appeals

For The Second Circuit

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Appellee,

-against-

FELIX ORTIZ,

Appellant.

On Appeal from the United Stars District Court For the Southern District of New York.

APPENDIX IN BEHALF OF APPELLANT FELIX ORTIZ

FRANK A. LOPEZ

Attorney for Appellant
31 Smith Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201
(212) 237-9500



PAGINATION AS IN ORIGINAL COPY

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November 25th, 1975

Indictment filed. Defendant Ortiz enters plea of Not Guilty. Case assigned to Hon. Thomas P. Griesa, D.J.

March 1st, 1976

Defendant Ortiz files Motion to Suppress Evidence.

March 10th, 1976

Evidentiary Hearing on Motion to Suppress Evidence before Griesa, D.J. Motion denied.

March 1lth, 1976

Defendant enters plea of Guilty to Count 2, charging substantive crime of possession of narcotics with intent to distribute. 21 U.S.C. §§ 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A), with stipulation preserving right to appeal from denial of motion to suppress evidence.

April 19th, 1976

Defendant Ortiz sentenced to custody of the Attorney General for period of Five years and special parcie of three years, concurrent with New York state sentence defendant Ortiz presently serving. Count lis dismissed.

April 29th, 1976

0

Notice of Appeal filed.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF HEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

-v-

INDICTMENT

VICTORIANO BOHEZ PEREZ,

75 Cr.

FILLY ORTIZ and RIGOSERTO GOMEALEZ,

Defendants.

The Crand Jury charges:

1. From on or about the 1st day of November,
1975, and continuously thereafter up to and including
the date of the filing of this indictment, in the Southern
District of New York,

VICTORIANO BOMEZ PEREZ, FELIX ORTIZ and ROGOBERTO GORZALEZ,

the defendants and others to the Grand Jury unknown, unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated and agreed together and with each other to violate Sections 612, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A) of Title 21, United States Code.

defendants unlawfully, incontionally and knowingly would distribute and possess with intent to distribute Schadule I nercotic drug controlled substances the exact amount thereof being to the Grand Jury unknown in violation of Sections 812, 041(a)(1) and 041(b)(1)(A) of Title 21, United States Code.

in parsuance of the said conspiracy and to effect the objects thereof, the following overt acts were consisted in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere:

- (1) On or about Hoverber 13, 1975, the defendant FLLIX ORTIZ went to the vicinity of South 5th Street and Keap Street, Brooklyn, New York.
- (2) On or about Movember 13, 1975, the defendant FELIX ORTE, while in the vicinity of South 5th Street and Kenp Street, Brooklyn, New York removed a troom paper bag from a Ford Thunderbird, License Number 357XOA M.Y.
 - (3) On or about Movember 17, 1975, the defendant FELIX ONTIZ went to the vicinity of 98th Street and 7th Avenue, New York, New York.
 - (4) On or about November 17, 1975, the defendants
 FILIX ORTIZ, RICOBERTO GO MALEZ and VICTORIANO BOARZ PEREZ
 met in the vicinity of 55th Street and 7th Avenue, New York,
 New York.
 (5) On or about November 17, 1975, in the vicinity
 of 56th Street and 7th Avenue, New York, New York, the defendants VICTORIANO BOARZ PEREZ and PICOERRED GO MALEZ delivered
 a brown paper bag to FILIX ORYLY.
 - (6) On or about love bur 17, 1975, the defendant Filli ORTZ drove his car to the vicinity of the Viltown Tunnel, 34th Street and Second Avents, des York, her York.
- (7) On or about Jovenher 17, 1975, in the vicinity of the Mideown Tunnel, 34th Street and Second Avenue, New York, new York, the defendant FALIX OUTIZ had in his possession approximately 46 outers of a role.
- (a) a or another over 17, 177, the step of the VICID HALL BOOK TO BE TO THE SAME TO the VICID HALL BOOK TO THE SAME TO THE VICID LAW TO THE STREET AND SELECTION OF AVENUE, Saw York, they York.

(viule 21, United states Code, Section 144.)

USA-33s-528 - IND/INF - Possession With Intent to Dist. Narc. Drug Rev. 5-27-72 (Succeeding Count)

COUNT 11

Mar Grand Jury Smither Clary ::

On or about the 17th day of Coledon, 1975

in the Southern District of New York,

VICE IN DEED IN 1 12. A USE IN TO DESTRUCE CONTINUE

the defendants, unlawfully, intentionally and knowingly did possess with intent to distribute, a Schedule I narcotic drug controlled substance, to wit, approximately 1253.67 games of lambs by recorder the.

(Title 21, United States Code, Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A);

College College And Transport

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	In the presence of the the defendant appeare	attorney for t	he government this date ——	Frederic	k Davis		April	6AV 19, 19	76 76
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	X WITH COUNSE	L L	Fra	nk Lopez	(Name of cou	insel)			
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		(∟ J NOT G	UILTY. Defer	dant is dischar	ged			
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DCMENT									
	21, USC, §812, 18, USC, §2	, 841(a)(1) and 841()	o) (1) (A)			1 ,	o strakt	
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

: STIPULATION

FELIX ORTIZ, : 75 Cr. 1155 (TPG)

Defendant.

WHEREAS, Indictment 75 Cr. 1155 was filed in the Southern District of New York against the defendant Felix Ortiz on November 25, 1975, charging him with violations of 21 U.S.C. \$5812, 841, 846; WHEREAS, the defendant Felix Ortiz moved on February 25, 1976 before the District Court for the Southern District of New York to suppress as evidence against him narcotic controlled substances on the ground that these drugs had been seized in violation of the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution and also moved to suppress as evidence against him certain post-arrest statements on the ground that they were taken in the violation of the Constitution; WHEREAS, the said motion by defendant Ortiz was denied by the Honorable Thomas P. Griesa, United States District Judge for the Southern District of New York, after a hearing held on March 10, 1976; WHFREAS, the defendant Felix Ortiz desires to plead guilty to one count of the charges outstanding against him in the Southern District of New York upon which the maximum penalty is \$25,000 fine and 15 years in jail, to be followed by three years special parole, while preserving his right to appeal the District Court's denial of this motion to suppress; and WHEREAS, the Covernment has agreed to the procedure wherein the defendant Felix Ortiz pleads guilty to the charge outstanding against him on condition that the suppression issue be preserved for appeal;

FTD:slc 75-3860 M-15

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IT IS HEPERY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, Frederick T. Davis, Assistant United States Attorney of Counsel, and the defendant Felix Ortiz and his counsel, Frank Lopez, Esq. as follows:

- (1) The defendant Felix Ortiz agrees to plead ruilty to one count of the indictment 75 Cr. 1155 on the express condition that the issue raised by him on his motion of February 25, 1976 to suppress certain evidence against him, which motion was denied by the District Court on March 10, 1976, he preserved for appeal to the higher Courts.
- (2) The Covernment expressly agrees that the guilty plea shall be entered by the defendant Felix Ortiz on the condition that the denial of his above described motion to suppress evidence against him be preserved for appeal, and that if the decision of the District Court denying the said motion to suppress evidence against him is reversed on appeal the defendant may withdraw his guilty plea entered to the above described indictment.
- (3) It is further agreed between the defendant Felix Ortiz and the Government that this stipulation shall be presented to the Monorable Thomas P. Criesa, United States District Judge, for his acceptance prior to the taking of the above described guilty plea.

Dated: Mey York, New York

March , 1976.

ROBERT B. FISKE, JR.
United States Attorney for the
Southern District of New York
Attorney for the United States
of America

Rv :

FREDERICK T. DAVIS
Assistant United States Attorney

FFLIX ORTIZ

TRANK LOPFZ Attorney for Defendant Ortiz NOTICE OF APPEAL (Filed April 29, 1976)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Flaintiff-Appellee,

-against -

Docket No. 75 Cr. 1356

NOTICE OF AFTEAL

FELIX ORTIZ,

Defendant-Appellant.

SIRS:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the defendant-appellant herein hereby appeals to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit from the Judgment of conviction rendered against him on April 19th, 1976, and imposed by the Honorable THOMAS P. GRIESA, a Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and sentencing the defendant-appellant herein to a term of Five (5) years concurrent with a present New York State sentence, and a special parole of three (3) years, on his conviction for Violation of 21 U.S.C. \$\$ \$12,841,846, and from each and every part of said Judgment.

DATED: Brooklyn, New York, April 26th, 1976.

burs, etc.,

FRANK A. LOPEZ
Attorney for Defendant-Appellant
FELIX ORTIZ
31 Smith Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201
Tel (212) 237-9500

10:

HONORABLE ROBERT B. FISKE, JR. United States Attorney
Office of the United States Attorney
One St. Andrews Plaza
New York, New York 10007

CLERK
United States District Court
Southern District of New York
United States Courthouse
Foley Square
New York, New York 10007

Affidavit of search warrant United States District Court

10a

FOR THE

EASTERN DISTRICT OF MEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Docket No.

Case No.

VS.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOX NO. 5582, LOCATED AT THE MANUFACTURER'S LABOVER TRUST COLPANY 37-29 JUNCTION BOULEVARD, CORONA, NEW YORK LEASED IN THE NAME OF FELIX ORTIZ,

SEARCH WARRANT

Defendant | Defendant | OF THE DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

Affidavit(s) having been made before me by Special Agent John F. Mullen

that he has reason to believe that { on the premises known as }

MANUFACTURER'S HANOVER TRUST COMPANY, 37-29 JUNCTION BOULEVARD, CORONA, NEW YORK, WITHIN SAFE DEPOSIT BOX NO. 5582 LOCATED THERE-AT. WHICH SAFE DEPOSIT BOX IS LEASED IN THE HAME FELIX ORTIZ.

in the Eastern

District of

New York

there is now being concealed certain property, namely

here describe property

A quantity of United States Currency, which currency is and consists of the illegal proceeds of the unlawful distribution of narcotic drug controlled substances in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 841(a)(1)

and as I am satisfied that there is probable cause to believe that the property so described is being concealed on the person or premises above described and that grounds for application for issuance of the search warrant exist as stated in the supporting affidavit(s).

You are hereby commanded to search within a period of

(not to exceed 10 days) the person or place named for the property specified, serving this warrant and making the search { in the daytime (6:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.) } and if the property be found there to seize it, leaving a copy of this warrant and receipt for the property taken, and prepare a written inventory of the property seized and promptly return this warrant and bring the property before

as required by law.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT ASSTRU DISTRICT OF HEM YORK -------APPROAVIT FOR UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ביייינין ויייידי - against -DATE DUPOSIT BOY NO. 5592, LOCATED AT THE HAMPACTURES PAROVER TRUST COMPANY 37-29 21 U.S.C. 5941(a) (1) JUNCTION BOULL VARD, CORO IA, DEW YORK, LTASED IN THE DAME TALIX ORTIZ, Defendants. PASTERN DISTRICT OF HEW YORK, SS: JOIN P. MULLIM, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is a Special Agent of the Drug Inforcement Administration, duly appointed according to law and acting as such. Your deponent has reason to believe that there is presently being concealed within the SAPS DEPOSIT BOY NO. 5582, LOCATED AT THE HARDPACTURER'S HARRATE TRUST COMPANY. 37-29 JUNCTION BOULEVARD, COROUR, HIM YOUR, LEASED IN THE NAME FELIX ORTIZ a quantity of United States Currency, which currency is and consists of the illegal proceeds of the umlawful distribution of marcotic drug controlled substances in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 941 (a) (1). The source of your demonant's information and tite grounds for his belief are (1) Arrest on Goverber 17, 1975 of one FILIX CUTIC by members of the New York Prug Enforcement Task Perce (" oreinaffer byphor) for viciations of the federal narcotics 1 ave. (2) Statement male to conters of the HYDETE ty FELIX OFFIZ, after his arrest, in which he admitted his role in the illicit trafficting of lered. (3) Statement rade by FULIX OFFIE to rembers of the SYDETP in which he stated that he is the lessor of *SAFE DEPOSIT BOX NUMBER 5582, LOCATED IN THE MANUFACTURED TO MANOVER TRUST COLUMNY CLASCE, 37-29 JUNCTION BOULEVARD, COTCUA,

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JD: F.L - . . . 1d

. 1753750

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New York and that, further, there is currently approximately Seven Thousand (\$7,000.00) bollars in United States Currency secreted therein, which currency constitutes proceeds of Gr is's illegal dealings in percents drives.

(4) Signed statement by the defendant FELIX ORTIZ, dated "11/17/75" which reads as follows:

> "I FELIX CETIZ give parmission to Don Elopfer and or Bill Turbace of the NYJTF to open my safe box N. 5562 located at F nufacturers Hanover Trint Co., Junction Flyd., between 37 and 38 Avenue, Cucens,

> > /s/ Felix Ortiz

Witnessed

/s/ Harry Batchelder /s/ Denald A. Elerfer /s/ William Burbage

WHERIPORE, your deponent respectfully requests that a search warrant issue to your deponent and to any other Special Agent of the Drug Enforcement Administration, authorizing him or them to open SAFE PEPOSIT BOX NO. 5592, LOCATED AT THE MANUFACTURER'S HAMOVER TRUST COMPANY, 37-29 JUNCTION BOULEVA'D, CORONA, NEW YORK, LEASED IN THE HAME FILLY ORTIZ, and therein to search for and seize the aforementioned United States Currency, constituting the proceeds and evidence of violations of Title 21, United States Code, 5841(a)(1).

Sworn to before re thin
18th day of Ecverber 1975.

YHICHN R. CHYOLES
United States Cadistrate
Lastern District of New York

A TRUE COPY.

1	MD
2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
3	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
4	x
5	United States of America
6	v. 75 Cr. 1155
7 8	Victoriano Bohez Perez, Felix Ortiz and Rigoberto Gonzalez,
9	Defendants.
10	x
11	March 10, 1976 2:30 p.m.
12	BEFORE:
14	HCN. THOMAS P. GRIESA,
15	District Judge.
16	APPEARANCES:
17	Robert B. Fiske, Jr., Esq., United States Attorney
18	Frederick T. Davis, Esq., Assistant United States Attorney
19	Edward Panzer, Esq.,
20	Attorney for Defendant Perez
21	Frank Lopez, Esq., Attorney for Defendant Ortiz
22	Alvin S. Michaelson, Esq., Attorney for Defendant Gonzalez
23	
24	ALSO PRESENT:
25	Norma Seltzer, Interpreter

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(Cas	e ca	11	ed.	.)

MR. PANZER: Mr. Ortiz is ready, your Honor.

MR. LOPEZ: Mr. Perez is ready.

MR. MICHAELSON: Ready on behalf of Mr.

Gonzalez.

MR. DAVIS: The government is ready.

THE COURT: I understand we have a suppression motion at the outset; is that correct?

MR. DAVIS: That is correct, your Honor. There is a little complication I think we can clear up as to exactly who is moving to suppress what.

THE COURT: Ckay. Why don't you let the defense lawyers make their motions on the record.

MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, my name is Frank Lopez, and I represent the defendant Felix Ortiz.

Felix Ortiz has moved to suppress certain evidence seized pursuant to a warrantless arrest on November 17, 1975.

THE COURT: Could I interrupt you a minute? I think we have an interpreter.

MS. SELTZER: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Whom we better swear.

(Norma Seltzer sworn as interpreter.)

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MR. PANZEP: I would like to interrupt.

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are agents in the courtroom. I would like the agents excluded while we are making opening argument because they may testify in this case.

MR. LOPEZ: The police had made certain prior observations, your Honor --

THE COURT: What is your motion?

MR. LOPEZ: The motion is to suppress the drugs that were seized in the automobile at the time of the arrest, the drugs seized from the person of Ortiz, his post arrest statements, and also to move to vacate a search warrant of a safe deposit box which was obtained as a result of his arrest and the so-called proceeds of narcotics which was United States currency which was found in that safe deposit box.

These are the items we seek to suppress.

THE COURT: Let me make a note of that, and we will go on to the next item.

What other motions?

MR. LOPEZ: This is the enly motion pretrial.

THE COURT: Then let's hear from any other defendants who wish to make motions.

MR. MICHAELSON: Your Honor, Alvin Michaelson on behalf of Mr. Gonzalez, who is present in court.

Your Honor, we are moving to suppress the

following: The results of the fruits of the warrantless arrest and warrantless search of my client on November 17, 1975 when certain items were seized as a result of that particular warrantless arrest and warrantless search; and also an alleged statement taken from my client, Mr. Gonzalez, subsequent to that particular warrantless arrest and warrantless search.

THE COURT: Now, Mr. Panzer.

MR. PANZER: I represent Mr. Perez. I am joining the motion with co-counsel, namely, because of the fact there is a conspiracy charged and all three will be tried together. I believe under those circumstances they are also charging my client with possession with intent to distribute the contraband in this case.

Based on that, I am joining the motion of co-

MR. MICHAELSON: With due respect, I also am joining in the motion of Mr. Lopez on behalf of Mr. Ortiz based on the same ground, that there is a conspiracy charged.

THE COURT: How do we proceed? Does the government now put on proof?

MR. DAVIS: May I say first two things. Based on what Mr. Panzer said about the defendant Perez, I have

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your Honor?

stated to Mr. Panzer the government doesn't intend to introduce any statements made by Perez or anything seized from him, so while he says he joins the motion I say he has no standing to move to suppress anything.

THE COURT: I don't think we have to go into that.

MR. DAVIS: On the issue of the motion, I am a little surprised with respect to one thing Mr. Lopez said, and that is his seeking to suppress the contents of a safe deposit box opened with a warrant.

THE COURT: His theory is all the motions hang on the validity of the arrest. Basically, both lawyers are saying the fruits of those arrests, whether they led to seizures or led to affidavits seeking warrants, all of that falls if the arrests are invalid.

The thing to do is to hear the evidence about the reasons for the arrests and then sort out what results from that.

MR. LOPEZ: That is exactly right, your Honor.

MR. DAVIS: Shall I call the first witness,

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. DAVIS: The government calls Donald Klopfer.

1	md Klopfer - direct 7
2	DONALD ALFRED KLOPFER, called as a
3	w_tness, having been duly sworn, was examined and
1	testified as follows:
5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	BY MR. DAVIS:
7	Q Mr. Klopfer, I ask you to speak in a loud voice
8	because the acoustics are bad here.
9	Is it fair to say you are an investigator with
0	the New York City Police?
1	A Yes, I am.
2	Q Are you presently assigned to the New York
3	Drug Enforcement Task Force?
4	A Yes, I am.
5	Q How long have you been with the Task Force?
16	A Since 1970.
17	Q Would it be fair to say your duties in general
18	include investigation of drug violations?
19	A Yes. In the New York City area.
20	Q Mr. Klopfer, I would like you to turn your
21	attention to the date of October 30, 1975. Were you on duty
22	that day?
23	A Yes, I was.
24	Q Who if anyone was on duty with you?

Special Agent John Mullen.

1	md Klopfer - direct	8
2	Q Is he a Drug Enforcement Administrati	on agent?
3	A Yes, he is.	
4	Q Where were you?	:
5	A I was in Manhattan and then in Brookl	.yn.
6	Q When you were in Brooklyn, where did	you go?
7	A At the Federal Courthouse, Southern I	istrict of
8	New York. Correction the Eastern District of	New York.
9	Q And what did you do when you were the	ere?
10	A I debriefed a defendant in the presen	nce of
€1	Spcial Agent John Mullen.	
12	Q When you say a defendant, what do you	u mean?
13	A It was a defendant that was arrested	the day
14	before.	
15	Q What had that defendant done that le	d to his
16	being arrested?	
17	A He was arrested in the possession of	
18	on brown rock heroin.	1
19	Q What did you do when you talked with	him?
20	A He agreed to give me a written state	ment relative
21	to his involvement in heroin traffic in the Broom	klyn area.
22	2 Q Prior to doing that, did you discuss	with him
23	his constitutional rights?	
24	A Yes, I did.	
25	Q Did he acknowledge them?	

1	md Klopfer - direct 9
2	A Yes, he did.
3	What further did you talk to him about, and what
4	did he say?
5	A This defendant advised myself and Special Agent
6	Mullen that he had been involved in the trafficking of
7	heroin for approximately two months prior to his arrest,
8	and his source for the heroin that he had been selling,
9	which was approximately, he told me, twenty ounces in this
10	past two months, was the defendant here today. He just told
11	me his first name as Felix.
12	He said he did not know his lastname.
13	Q. Did he describe this Felix to you?
14	A Yes, he did.
15	Q What physical description did he give?
16	A He told me that he was approximately five feet
17	eight inches tall, a Hispanic male, weighing 175 pounds,
18	and wears glasses, and has a mustache.
19	Q Did he say what kind of narcotics he had been
20	getting from Felix?
21	A Yes. Brown heroin.
22	Q What kind of narcotics had been found on this
23	defendant that we are talking about?
24	A Brown heroin.
25	Q What further did he tell you, if anything, about

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this person Felix?

A He advised me that Felix was on the work release program connected with the New York State Correctional Institute at 550 West 20th Street, New York City.

- O And what institution was that?
- A That's Bayview Correctional Institute.
- Q Did he say anything further?

A Yes. He told me that he believed that he would live in Queens if he was not up in the Center; he would have to go to the Center each night.

- Q Is this Felix?
- A Yes.
 - Q And did he say where this Felix worked?

A Yes. He told me that he worked in a grocery store, a Spanish grocery store on South 5th Street at Hooper. He told me on the right side when you come down South 5th Street, which is a one-way southbound.

- Q Is that in Brooklyn?
- A Yes, it is.
- Q Did this person that you were talking about describe in any way the manner in which he had purchased heroin from this person Felix?
 - A Yes, he did.
 - Q What did he tell you, to the best of your

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recollection?

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A He told me that Felix used his Buick -- he had a Buick, he told me, he believed it was a late model, 1972 about, a large Buick, the Electra.

Q Did he say what state license plates he had?

A Yes. It had New York plates, but he couldn't give me even one letter or one number. And -- I'm sorry, can I have the question prior?

Q Did he describe to you how he purchased, or how this person Felix distributed the heroin?

Felix -- would bring the heroin to the subject that we arrested on the 29th of October in his Buick, and he would utilize common brown paper bags. The heroin would be placed in these bags, if it was a small quantity. If it was alarge quantity, it would be in a shopping bag. And he did observe this defendant at one time with one hundred ounces of singly wrapped ounce packages in a shopping bag.

Q The person you were talking about, did he tell you anything he knew about Felix's sources?

A Yes. He believed that Felix's source was two Cuban males.

Q And why did he believe that?

1	md Klopfer - direct 12
2	A From conversations he had had with Felix.
3	Q Felix had said that he bought the stuff from two
4	Cuban males?
5	A That I don't know. Apparently, from what I
6	gathered from his conversation.
7	Q Did he say anything further?
8	A Yes. He believed the two Spanish males were
9	from lower Manhattan. This he said because he would
10	observe Felix heading towards the Williamsburgh Bridge
11	from Brooklyn.
12	Q When he was going to buy heroin?
13	A Yes.
14	O Did this person you were talking with say
15	anything about where the heroin came from?
16	A Yes. He believed that the heroin came from
17:	California, that these two Cuban males transported the
18	
19	they utilize mules I meant possibly females or someone
20	else to carry the heroin, and he said he believed they
21	carried it on themselves.
99	O I but before you what has been marked Governmen

Exhibit 1 for identification in this proceeding. Can you

Yes. This is a debriefing report of the

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tell us what that is?

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A The following day I went personally to the

Bayview Correctional Institute, and I requested to look

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I believe it is a sort of a control number of

all individuals arrested in New York City.

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1	md Klopfer - direct 15
2	Q What did you do next?
3	A With that number I then came to the New Yor
4	City BCI, and I pulled his jacket, and I
5	THE COURT: What is the New York City BCI?
6	MR. DAVIS: Thank you, your Honor.
7	Q What is the BCI?
8	A I think they call it Bureau of Criminal
9	Investigation.
10	Q Is that in the Police Department next door to
11	here?
12	A Yes.
13	Q What did you find?
14	A I pulled his jacket, I made a copy of his
15	arrest report, and then I went over to photo, the photo
16	unit, the New York City Police Department photo unit, and
17	requested three photographs of Ortiz.
18	Q I am putting before you what has been marked
19	Government Exhibit 2 for identification in this proceeding
20	Is that a copy of a photograph that you got on that date?
21	A Yes, it is.
22	MR. DAVIS: I will also offer that, your
23	Honor.
24	THE COURT: All right. Show it to counsel.
25	() Did you do anything further with respect to

this investigation on the 31st of October?

A Yes, I did. I contacted New York State Motor Vehicle Department.

Q What did you find?

A With the name Felix Ortiz and his date of birth

I ran it through their files.

Q What did you find?

A I came up with a license for a Felix Ortiz with an address of 1102 Eastern Parkway in Brocklyn that had been revoked. Then with the same date of birth, excluding the yea. it was a different year, I came up with another driver's license for the same address for the same subject, and also a vehicle, being a Buick, the Electra, license plate No. 83 DIC registered in the name of Felix Ortiz, again with the address of 1102 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Q Do you remember what model year the car was?

A I don't recall. Late model. A newer vehicle.

Mr. Klopfer, between that date of October 31, 1973, and November 17, 1973 -- between those two dates -- did you do anything with respect to this investigation?

THE COURT: Between what dates?

MR. DAVIS: October 31s\ which is when he went to the Motor Vehicle Bureau, and the 17th, the day of

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	30a
md	Kloplfer - direct 17
the arrest.	
Q	What if anything did you do with respect to
this investi	gation?
A	On numerous occasions, I had passed through the
area of Hoop	er and South 5th Street, and also the Queens
location at	3307 Junction Boulevard, Jackson Heights.
	THE COURT: No, wait a minute. Where did you
go on numero	us occasions?
	THE WITNESS: To the vicinity of South 5th
Street and h	opper in Brooklyn.
	THE COURT: And that is in Brooklyn?
	THE WITNESS: In Brooklyn, yes.
	THE COURT: And the other was
	THE WITNESS: And 3307 Junction Boulevard,
Jackson Heig	hts.
	THE COURT: South 5th and Hooper was what?
	THE WITNESS: Brooklyn.
	THE COURT: Yes, but I mean how did you get
that?	
	THE WITNESS: That was the address from the

subject I debriefed where Felix was supposed to work in a grocery store.

THE COURT: I see. I understand.

MR. DAVIS - May Iproceed, your Honor?

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THE COURT: Yes.

When you went to those two places, can you tell us what if anything you saw?

On a couple of occasions I had observed the Blue Electra with New York registration 83 DLC parked on Northern Boulevard at the corner of Junction Boulevard. This would be in the vicinity of 1107, which is a corner building, and it was unoccupied.

> THE COURT: Wait. In Queens or Brooklyn? THE WITNESS: Jackson Heights, Queens.

What else did you see during this period?

And then on, I believe it was November 6th -it was at night, approximately nine o'clock -- I observed the Buick parked on South 5th Street in the vicinity of Hooper. And then I saw Mr. Ortiz enter the building on the driver's side, there was no passenger, and myself and police officer Burbage followed the Blue Buick and it turned onto Broadway, and then down onto -- I don't recall the street, but it parked in the vicinity of the Two Steps Bar on South 5th Street. It is in the Williamsburgh Section of Brooklyn near the Williamsburgh Bridge.

Then what happened?

And I saw Mr. Ortiz exit the Buick from the driver's side and walk up South 5th Street and enter the

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Two Steps Bar.

What was the closest that you got to that person on that day?

Maybe a half a block. Approximately a half a block.

- How clearly did you see him on that day?
- Half a short block.
- How clearly did you see him on that occasion? Q
- I could see him relatively clearly. A
- What further happened? Tell us briefly what further happened on that day.

A He remained in the bar approximately twenty minutes, maybe a half hour at the most, and then he exited the bar, he entered his Buick, and he drove across the Williamsburgh Bridge, drove north and parked on 19th Street, West 19th Street, in the vicinity of Bayview, and we broke off surveillance as we observed Mr. Ortiz walking toward the Bayview Correctional Institute, where he was supposed to be in at ten o'clock each night.

O Now, Mr. Klopfer, I would like to turn your attention to November 17, 1975, and in the morning of that day were you on duty?

Yes, I was.

Where did you start out? What was the first 0

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thing you did that morning?

A I drove through Queens, and at approximately ten o'clock in the morning I observed again the Blue Buick New York registration 83 DLC parked in the same location where I had seen it on several occasions prior to that date, and that would be facing eastbound on Northern Boulevard on the south side at Junction Boulevard.

O And what happened?

I radioed to Special Agent John --

THE COURT: This is all very fine, but it is immense detail.

MR. DAVIS: We are getting to the juicy part, your Honor.

THE COURT: What is the issue here? The government is following chapter and verse what it put in its memorandum in great detail, but what is the issue? We want to either ge the evidence suppressed or get it to trial. What is the contention?

MR. PANZER: May I ask we excuse the agent while making arguments?

THE COURT: Yes, but I would like to shortcut this. I have to go into Part 1 Monday, and if we are going to have a trial I want the trial to start this afternoon, get the jury picked and get going, so you step out a little

MR. LOPEZ: Yes, your Honor.

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those facts --

THE COURT: -- I must tell you I would disagree

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with you.

Is there a way we can -- you know, I may be right, I may be wrong, but I take it from what you are saying that there really isn't ultimately going to be a lot of challenge to the facts. The real question is what conclusion do you draw, and ask me to draw, from the facts.

MR. LOPEZ: First of all, there is insufficient probable cause here to make an arrest.

I say secondly that there was ample opportunity if they did feel they had probable cause to get a warrant, which they didn't get, either an arrest or a search warrang, which obviously they did not get. And I can assure your Honor that I will ask this agent, this officer, very few questions, I will come right to the point, and I just want to bring in and highlight certain aspects of the ti ing.

THE COURT: You try to go as quickly as you can, because I think we know what the issue is, and we just ought to come to it quickly.

MR. DAVIS: Okay. I will do my best to skip over irrelevant things. I do not want to risk leaving out anything that might later be held necessary.

MR. PANZER: May I just be heard in adding to

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THE COURT: Yes.

to Mr. Lopez's argument?

him under observation --

MR. PANZER: I think there is a very significant question on why they didn't get a warrant, because when you read the government's memorandum they made almost the identical observations on November 13th, and then on November 17th they make the arrest and seizure. They had four days to get a warrant, and had

THE COURT: What you are really saying is you are taking the government's version of the facts and saying there should have been a warrant.

MR. PANZER: That is my position.

THE COURT: For the purposes of the hearing, can't we assume the facts laid out in the government's brief are correct and uncontested?

MR. PANZER: The problem is we weren't there, we don't know what the agent is going to say. That's the problem. This is just the government's representation of what happened. We have no way of knowing whether that did or did not happen.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

MR. DAVIS: I will do my best to truncate it, your Honor.

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THE COURT: That's fair enough.

BY MR. DAVIS:

Q Mr. Klopfer, in the interest of speed, since time is pressing, I will ask you to do your best to limit details that may not be necessary to this hearing.

Perhaps I can lead him, your Honor.

On the morning of November 17th, would it be fair to say when you first went out to this junction in Queens that you described, saw the Buick, and then you left because you had pressing business back in your office?

A Yes, that's correct.

Q And is it also fair to say that Mr. Mullin of your office, with whom you were in radio contact, took up surveillance?

A That's right.

What happened when you got back to your office?

A When I reached my office I was advised by Police
Officer Burbage that he had just been in contact with
Special Agent Mullin, who had advised him that the vehicle
was moving.

Q Did he tell you, or tell in brief fashion what route the vehicle took?

A Yes. He told me it took local streets and then

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the Brooklyn-Queens Expressway, and crossed the Williamsburgh Bridge into lower Manhattan.

Q Did there come a time you saw the vehicle?

- A Yes.
 - Q Where?
 - A Driving west on West Houston Street.
 - Q Did you see who was in the car?
 - A Yes.
 - Q How close were you to the car on that occasion?
 - A Fifteen feet.
- Q Is the person driving the car in the courtroom today?
- 14 A Yes, he is.
 - Q Will you point him out to the Court?
 - A The male subject with the blue suit and glasses.
 - Q All the way over on your right?
 - A Yes.

MR. DAVIS: I would like the record to reflect the identification of Mr. Ortiz, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

- Q Tell us again in brief fashion what you did on that occasion.
- A I contacted Billie -- excuse me, Police Officer
 Bill Burbage -- and then also joined by Special Agent

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Mullin we followed the Ortiz vehicle up to midtown. 2

- Q Would it be fair to say the vehicle went up Eighth Avenue and then crossed 59th Street?
 - Yes.
 - Q And then down Seventh Avenue?
- A Yes. And stoppped on the west side of 58th Street on Seventh Avenue.
- Q Where were you when the car came to a stop at that point?
 - I was at the corner of 59th and Seventh.
 - Q What did you do?
- A I stopped -- I parked my car and I got out. When I walked to the corner and looked around the corner I saw Mr. -- I saw the Buick pulling out, and now it had two males in it in the front seat.
- Q Was there a period of time when you couldn't see the car?
 - A Yes.
 - How long was that period of time?
- A few seconds. A
 - Had you ever seen the person who was in the car 0 with Mr. Ortiz before?
 - A No.
 - Q Did you recognize him at that point?

- A No, I did not.
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Q what happened?

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southbound, and it made a left on 57th Street, eastbound on

The vehicle continued down Seventh Avenue

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57th Street, made another left, which is northbound, on

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Sixth Avenue, and at one point % was directly behind the

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vehicle and I could see the operator of the vehicle, Mr.

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Ortiz, in apparent conversation with the passenger, front

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seat passenger. They were looking at each other, and their

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lips were moving.

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Q Would it be fair to say, summarizing to get

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through that, he went up Sixth Avnue, across 59th Street,

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and down Seventh Avenue?

Yes.

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Q Were you following at this point?

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A Yes, I was.

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Q Were other agents in the neighborhood with whom you were in radio contact?

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A Yes, there were.

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Q When the car got on Seventh Avenue again, what

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happened?

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A The vehicle pulled over onto the -- on the west side of Seventh Avenue between 58th Street and 57th and

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came to a stop.

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And what happened when the car came to a stop; what did you do?

A The car came to a stop and I stopped right at 58th Street and Seventh Avenue, and I observed a male step from the curb and enter the passenger side of the blue Buick and open the right door with his right hand an in the left hand I observed a brown paper bag approximately 8 inches by 12 inches. It had some writing on it, but I couldn't see that close.

Q When this person got in the car were there two people still in the car?

Yes, there were.

Q What did they do when the three of them were in the car?

A After this third male got into the car, the car pulled away from the stopped space immediately, drove south o. Seventh, and made an immediate left onto Sixth Avenue -correction, 56th Street -- and pulled over to the curb on the north side almost immediately, and the two males as front seat passengers exited the vehicle, leaving Mr. Ortiz behind the steering wheel.

- Did you see them get out yourself? Q
- Yes, I did. A
- How close did you get to those two people on Q

1	md	Klopfer - direct	29
2	that occas	ion?	
3	A	I was approximately thirty, maybe fifty, f	eet.
4	Q	Do you see those two men in the courtroom	
5	today?		
6	A	Yes.	
7	Q	Will you please point out the first person	to
8	get in the	car?	
9	Α	I didn't see him get in the car.	
0	Q	The first person	
1	A	The last person to get out of the car was	the
2	male with	the sweater on, Mr. Gonzalez.	
3	Q	The gentleman on the right?	
4	A	Yes, sir.	
ic		MR. DAVIS: Identifying the defendant Gonz	zalez,
16	for the re	cord.	
17		THE COURT: Yes.	
18	Q	And the other person who was the last pers	son
19	to get in	the car	
20	A	Right, the man who had the package in his	hand
21	is the gen	tleman with the brown suit.	
22		MR. DAVIS: Identifying the defendant Per	ez,
23	for the re	ecord.	
24		THE COURT: Yes.	

Would it be fair to say that those two gentlemen

MR. DAVIS: Your Honor, I won't go through the

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MR. PANZER: I have no objection to the picture, 2, but I am going to object to I as being self-serving. It is basically what he testified to.

THE COURT: Overruled.

MR. LOPEZ: All the defendants make that objection, your Honor.

(Government Exhibit Nos. 1 and 2 were received in evidence.)

THE COURT: Any objection to Exhibit 3?

MR. PANZER: We haven't seen it.

MR. DAVIS: Shall I continue?

THE COURT: Yes, please.

Q What was done after the package was seized?

A Then I opened the driver's side door, and I asked Mr. Ortiz to step out, and at this time officer Burbage opened the package and he saw what he believed to be the brown rock horoin, and told me so, and I heard him place him under arrest.

I then frisked Mr. Crtiz there on the street, and in his left front pocket of his leather coat I found another package of what I believed to be brown rock heroin at the time.

- Q What happened next?
- A He was placed under arrest, handcuffed, and

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1	md Klopfer - direct 33
2	taken to our office for processing.
3	Q Did you take him to the office?
4	A No, I did not.
5	Q Would it be fair to say you got into his car
6	and drove it to the parking lot near his office?
7	A Yes.
8	Q And did there come a time when you got back
9	to your office?
10	A Yes, there was.
11	Q And how long a period of time was there between
12	the arrest at the Tunnel, and when you got back to your
13	office?
14	A Forty-five minutes.
15	Q What happened when you got back?
16	A Well, then I went and processed the gave a
17	har' to Burbage processing the evidence, and then I went
18	in and spoke to Mr. Ortiz.
19	Q Where were you at that point?
20	A In one of the debriefing rooms in our office,
21	201 Varick Street, in lower Manhattan.
22	Q What did you do when you began talking with
23	him?
24	A I first read Mr. Ortiz his oral warnings.

New did you do that?

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	A	Ву	removing	the	ora	*arnings	card	I	carry	i
m	v pocket	in my	wallet							

- Q Do you have it in your pocket this morning?
- A Yes.
- Q Would it be fair to say Government Exhibit 4 for identification is a Xerox copy of that card?
 - A Yes, it is.
- Q Can you tell us exactly, precisely, how it was you warned Mr. Ortiz of his rights?
- A I removed the card, asked him if he spoke

 English. He said, "Yes." I said, "I am going to read you

 your rights, and at each pause in the sentence I would

 like for you to answer out loud 'yes'if you understand."
- I did times, and he said "yes" after each question or statement.
- Q And at any point did he ask you, or did he tell you, that he did not speak English?
 - A No, he did not.
 - Q Did you ask him if he did speak English?
 - A Yes, I did.
 - Q What did he say?
 - A He said he did.
- Q Is there any part of the words on Government Exhibit 4 that you did not read to him?

1	md Klopfer - direct 35
2	A I read him the entire card.
3	Q Word for word?
4	A Yes, I did.
5	MR. DAVIS: I offer Government Exhibit 4 in
6	evidence.
7	Q What happened next, Mr. Klopfer?
8	A I then asked Mr. Orti if ne cared to make
9	any statements. Then he asked me what would be the benefit
10	for him if he did, and I told him that he realized how heavy
11	the possible violation was with the weight that we removed
12	from his vehicle, and also I told him that I understood
13	that he was facing some additional state time, and he
14	acknowledged that.
15	Q And what happened next?
16	A And he gave me a story about a male he was
17	supposed to meet at twelve o'clock who was supposed to pick
18	the heroin up, that he was only transporting it for somebody
19	to give to somebody else, and when I told him I didn't go
20	for that story, then he told me what he believed, I guess,
21	to be the truth.
22	Q And what did he tell you?
.23	A He told me that he received a call approximately

nine o'clock in the morning from a subject that he knew only

as Rigo, and that they were to meet later on in the morning

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in midtown Manhattan and they would give him a package of heroin, and he would return later that night and meet them in another location and give them \$45,000 in cash.

Q Without going into details at this point, Mr. Klopfer, would it be fair to say that he described to you the details of what you had seen in the area of 56th and Seventh Avenue?

- Yes.
- Did he tell you that?
- Yes, he did.
- What precipely did he tell you would occur that night?

He told me he was supposed to meet this male by the name of Rigo and the other fellow he did not know his name in the vicinity of St. Nicholas Avenue at the corner of 181st Street or 182nd Street, he didn't know what c rner until he could physically see it, and transfer the money, \$45,000, to them at this particular time.

Again just to summarize, Mr. Klopfer, would it be fair to say that he also told you that he had to be back at a certain time and that if he wasn't there on time they would telephone him on the corner?

Yes, he told me they were aware that he was on that work release program.

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	Q	And	did	he	 well,	did	you	ask	him	anything
about	the	car?								

Yes. I asked him if we could use his vehicle, and he said yes, and he gave me a written authorization to use the vehicle.

I put in front of you what has been marked Government Exhibit 5 for identification. Would it be fair to say that that is the written authorization you received?

The original.

MR. DAVIS: I offer this in evidence, your Honor.

- Did you also ask him about a safe deposit box?
- Yes, I did.
- Tell us in summary what he said would be in that box, and what you did.

He had a key on his person for a safe deposit bcx, and I asked him if it was for a safe deposit box, and he said yes, in Queens. And I asked him what was in it, and he told me approximately \$7000. And I asked him how long it took him to gather that kind of money selling drugs, and he said a short period of time. And then I asked him if he would give myself and Police officer Burbage written permission to examine the box, and he said yez, he would.

Did there come a time somewhat later on in the

1	md Klopfer - direct 38
2	day when you received written permission?
3	A Yes.
4	Q I am putting in front of you, Mr. Klopfer,
5	what has been marked Government Exhibit 6 for identi-
6	fication in this proceeding, and is that the written
7	permission you received?
8	A Yes, sir.
9	Q And is your signature on it?
10	A Yes, it is.
11	MR. DAVIS: I offer this in evidence.
12	THE COURT: What is the number?
13	MR. DAVIS: Government Exhibit 6 for identi-
14	fication.
15	Do you want me to stop for objections on this?
16	THE COURT: No.
17	THE CLERK: I don't know what exhibits have bee
18	r ceived, Judge.
19	THE COURT: We will get to it later.
20	Q Would it be fair to say in this proceeding at
21	this point you have not gone into every detail of what you
22	saw that day or every detail of what Mr. Ortiz told you?
CO)	A That's correct.

25

Did there come a time that afternoon -- and I am

talking about the 17th of November -- when Mr. Ortiz was

,	md Klopfer - direct 39
1	
2	brought down to the United States Attorney's office, and the
3	United States Courthouse, for arraignment?
4	A Yes.
5	Q Roughly what time was it that he was actually
6	arraigned?
7	A Approximately five o'clock.
8	Q In the afternoon?
9	A Yes, sir.
.0	Q What did you do thereafter?
1	A I returned to my office at Varick Street, and
2	I met with my boss and the assistant boss, and the other
13	members of our group, to formulate plans on what we would
14	do for possible apprehension of the two other subjects at
15	approximately nine o'clock that night.
16	Q Did there come a time you went up to the area of
17	181st or 182nd Street and St. Nicholas Avenue?
18	A Yes.
19	Q Would it be fair to say before going there you
20	had a conversation with another detective?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Mr. Rodriguez?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Did you tell him in substance what had occurred?

Yes. Mr. Rodriguez was going to be the undercover

1.4

officer that particular night, and he was going to emply
Mr. Ortiz's vehicle in the event we needed it, and he would
attempt to meet with the two males if I observed them up
in that area.

Q What happened when you got to that area?

A I arrived there approximately 8:15. About a half hour later I observed the two defendants here to my left --

Q You mean Mr. Perez and Mr. Gonzalez?

A Yes. -- standing on the corner of 182nd Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.

Q Where were you?

A I was a half a block away in a surveillance vehicle, a mail truck, and I was using binoculars, 7 x 35 binoculars.

Q What did you see them do?

A I saw Mr. Gonzalez enter the phone booth and come out, and then I called Sgt. Garrity on the radic and I requested that he send undercover officer Rodriguez in, drive up, keep a distance from the two males on the corner, and drop the lower window using the electric window opener, and just call out "Rigo," to see if anybody would approach the vehicle.

Q Would it be fair to say that moments later Mr.

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Rodriguez	did	drive	up	in	Mr.	Ortiz's	Buick?
Myur ryuez	ulu	arrac.	up	***		01 01 0	

- Yes, sir.
- What did you see when that happened?

I saw Mr. Gonzalez step from the curb and walk over to the car and seemingly engage Mr. -- excuse me, Detective Rodriguez in conversation. At this time I put over the radio that the surveillance units were to move in and make the arrest.

- Did you participate in the arrest?
- Yes. I left the truck. I placed them both under arrest myself.
- When you arrested Mr. Perez and Mr. Gonzalez, would it be fair to say that they were wearing the same clothes they had worn earlier on that day?
 - Yes, they were.
- Did you positively identify them as the same r :ople?
 - Yes, I did. A
- Again to summarize, would it be fair to say the two of them were taken off in a car, and that you stayed in the area for a while?
 - Yes. A
 - And when did you get back to the headquarters? Q
 - It was about two hours later.

1	md Klopfer - direct 42
2	Q And what happened when you got back?
3	A I went in and I spoke with Mr. Gonzalez.
4	Mr. Perez, I was informed, did not speak any English.
5	Mr, Conzalez did, and I spoke with Mr. Gonzalez.
6	Q Did you yourself advise him of his constitution
7	rights?
8	A No but I had Detective Rodrigues he told me
9	that they were already advised, but I said "Do it again,"
0	and I gave Detect! * Rodriguez the oral warning card in
1	Spanish, and he read it to Mr. Gonzalez in my presence.
12	Q And do you carry a copy of the oral warning
13	card in Spanish yourself?
14	A Yes, I do.
15	Q And you gave it to Detective Rodriguez?
16	A Yes.
17	THE COURT: What is the issue? They are not
18	s eking to suppress statements, are they?
19	MR. DAVIS: There is a statement as o Mr.
20	Gonzalez. There is a statement as to Mr. Perez, but we
21	are not going to use it, so there is no issue. It is only
22	the statement as to Mr. Gonzalez.
23	THE COURT: All right.

I put before you, Mr. Klopfer, Government

Exhibit 7 for identification, in this proceeding.

2

Is that a xerographic copy of your advice of rights form in Spanish?

4

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Yes, it is.

5

Is this what you gave Mr. Rodriguez?

Yes, it is.

7

MR. DAVIS: I will offer this in evidence as

well, your Honor.

9

Now, you tell us what conversation, if any,

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you had with Mr. Gonzalez on that evening.

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Mr. Gonzalez told me that if he and his brother

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were set free he could go to California and in a matter of

13

a few days make connections to purchase heroin and then an

14

undercover officer from our office or wherever could come out

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there to buy whatever quantity we sought.

16

And what did you say? Q

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I told him that couldn't be.

18

And did you have any further conversation with

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Mr. Gonzalez at that point?

Yes.

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No, I think we broke off. I had conversation off and on throughout the debriefing period.

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22 23

At any time in your conversation with Mr. Gonzalez did you mention, did you discuss, his having a

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lawyer?

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And what was that conversation?

A He was in a room which has a telephone, and I said if he wanted to call a lawyer, because he had in his possession a business card with the name of Alvin S., I believe, Michaelson.

Q I am putting in front of you Government's Exhibit 8 for identification. Is this the business card that you are talking about?

A Yes.

MR. DAVIS: I offer this in evidence as well, you Honor.

Q And what did he say when you said that to him?

A He said he did not want to call a lawyer at this time.

Q At any time during the evening of November 17th, did you physically touch Mr. Gonzalez?

A No, I did not.

Q And at any time during that evening, did you speak in a loud voice or an abusive voice?

A No, I did not.

Q Did you make any statements to him other than the ones that you have mentioned to us here today?

A Other than his cooperation may benefit him, any cooperation he gave us, I would make it known to the

1	md Klopfer - direct 44	
2	prosecuting U. S. Attorney and the sentencing judge in the	2
3	form of a letter.	
4	Q And, by the way, during your conversation with	1
5	Mr. Ortiz that afternoon, did you ever speak to him in a	Lou
6	voice of an abusive voice?	
7	A No, I did not.	
8	Q And did you ever touch him physically?	
9	A Other than to search him, no.	
0	Q Was that done in a rough manner at all?	
1	A No.	
2	Q And did you ever make any threats or promises	to
3	Mr. Ortiz that afternoon other than what you have already	
4	told us?	
5	A No, other than I no, I believe I did testi	fy
6	that I could possibly with a letter assist him.	
17	Q Did there come a time that evening when you to	ook
18	Mr Perez and Mr. Gonzalez to the Metropolitan Correction	
19	Center?	
20	A Yes.	
21	Q Roughly what time was that?	
22	A It was about 1:30 a.m.	
23	Q Turning your attention to the next day, did y	ou
24	pick him up again?	

Yes, I did.

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Would it be fair to say that during the morning you took him to the office of Assistant U. S. Attorney Eugene Bannigan?

That's correct.

What happened there?

On the way up there I said to Mr. Gonzalez, "Don't say anything now" -- we were down in the jail. I said, "If you are going to cooperate at all wait unitl we get upstairs." And I said, "Remember, it has to be 100 per cent our way." Because the night before he wanted to more or less run whatever cooperation he wanted to do his way. So he said, "No, I thought it over and I will help" -- he said, "help my brother," I believe he said. So we went up to Mr. Bannigan's office.

And then what happened?

And then in Mr. Bannigan's office Mr. Gonzalez again said that he could go to California, but he wanted his brother to be set free and be in Florida. When he received notification that his brother was safe in Florida, he would then go to California, remain there approximately two days, and whatever amount of heroin we wanted, hundreds of pounds, etc., he believed he could make the proper connection.

> Were you in Mr. Bannigan's office at all times? Q

24

1	md	Klopfer - direct	46
2	A	No.	
3	Q	Were you in and out?	
4	A	Yes.	
5	Q	Was Mr. Bannigan in the office at all	times?
6	A	No, he was not.	
7	Q	Do you yourself recollect Mr. Banniga	n
8	informing	Mr. Gonzalez of his constitutional righ	ts?
9	A	No, I don't.	
0		MR. DAVIS: I have no further question	ns of
1	this witn	ess, your Honor.	
2		THE COURT: All right. Cross examine	•
3		MR. DAVIS: There is a pending offer	of certain
4	exhibits,	your Honor.	
5		THE COURT: What about those?	
6		THE WITNESS: Can I add something, yo	ur Honor?
7		THE COURT: Sure.	
8		THE WITNESS: On the back of the busi	ness card
9	for Micha	el excuse me, Alvin S. Michaelson, is	the
0	non-publi	shed telephone number of the defendant F	elix
1	Ortiz.		
2		THE COURT: All right,	

What about Exhibit 3? Any objection?

THE COURT: Hearing none, Exhibit 3 is received

(No response.)

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2	in evidence.
3	Exhibit 4?
4	MR. MICHAELSON: No objection for purposes of
5	this hearing.
6	THE COURT: I understand. We are talking about
7	just this hearing.
8	That will be received in evidence.
9	Is there an Exhibit 5?
10	MR. DAVIS: That was the consent to use the
11	car signed by Mr. Ortiz.
12	MR. LOPEZ: No objection for the purposes of
13	this hearing, your Honor.
14	THE COURT: What is 6?
15	MR. DAVIS: That is the consent to get into th
16	safe deposit box.
17	MR. LOPEZ: Again no ojbection, your Honor.
18	MR. DAVIS: And 7 is the rights card in
19	Spanish.
20	THE COURT: Any objection?
21	(No response.)
22	THE COURT: All right, they will be received
23	for this hearing. (Government Exhibit Nos. 3 - 7, inclusive,
24	
25	were received in evidence.)

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THE COURT: And 8, the lawyer's card, we will receive that for this hearing, also.

(Government Exhibit No. 8 was received in evidence.)

THE COURT: You may cross examine.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. LOPEZ:

Q Officer, have you used any documents or Government exhibits to refresh your recollection in preparation for your testimony here today?

Yes, I have.

What exhibits were those?

They were for one the debriefing, and others would be out of the case report.

MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, may I see those?

THE COURT: Certainly.

MR. DAVIS: I do object. One of them has already been turned over, and that is the debriefing with certain names excised. The rest of the stuff is 3500 material that I will turn over if I understand that we are going to trial today. If the trial is being put over, I would rather wait until we go to trial.

THE COURT: We are going to trial the minute this is over, and I hope we will move.

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2		MR.	DAVIS:	Then	I	will	turn	over	a11	3500
3	material									

THE COURT: That's the best way.

(Documents handed to counsel.)

MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, may we have several

minutes to look at this?

THE COURT: Yes.

(Pause.)

THE COURT: Can we go ahead?

MR. LOPEZ: Yes.

Q Officer, on October 30, 1975, in the Eastern District of New York courthouse, you interviewed an informer, isn't that correct?

A (No response.)

Q You interviewed an informer -- a person who turned out to be an informer; is that correct?

A Correct.

Q This is the first time you had ever met him; is that right?

A No.

You had met him before?

A I was present on his arrest.

Q Had he ever previously until October 30th, 1975, ever given you any information?

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				64a
1	md		Klopfer -cross	50
2		A	No.	
3		Q	Was he a registered informant, to your known	wledge?
4		A	No, he was not.	
5		Q	He had not given you previous to October 3	80,
6	1975,	any a	rrests of other individuals, is that correct	t?
7		A	Correct.	
8		Q	And at that point and at that juncture he	was
9	an un	known	quantity as far as his reliability was cond	cerned,
10	is th	at also	o correct?	
11		A	Absolutely.	
12		Q	He was under arrest, isn't that right?	
13		A	Correct.	
14		Q	He had made direct sales to undercover	
15	offic	ers?		
16			THE COURT: We all know this, and they did	in't
17	immed	iately	go out and arrest anybody on the strength	of
18	h.s r	eprese	ntation, hey checked it out.	
19			I will assume everything you are going to	argue
20	about	the u	nknown quantity as of October 30th.	
21			MR. LOPEZ: Okay.	
22			THE COURT: He has admitted it.	
23		Q	On October 30th, 1975, this informant pro-	vided

you with no information with regard to the future activities

of the defendant Ortiz, isn't that correct?

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- That's true.
- He gave you general information with respect to Ortiz, isn't that right?
 - (No response.)
 - Just general information.
 - I didn't consider it general. He gave specific -
- Okay , he indicated to you on October 30, 1975, that Ortiz's source of supply were two Cubans who came from the lower portion of Manhattan; is that correct?
 - He believed.
 - He believed, is that right? 0
 - That's what he told me. A
 - Did you verify that information? Q
- No, we didn't.
- You had Ortiz under surveillance for the time interval between October 30th and November 17, 1975; is tiat right?
 - Myself one night.
- And at no time did you see Ortiz receive any brown paper bags from anyone in the lower part of Manhattan; isn't that correct?
 - Myself, no.
- The only time that you claim, as far as you are concerned, is the November 17th period when two Cubans

			-
1	md	Klopfer - cross	52
2	entered his	car when two Hispanics entered his car	
3	one carryin	g a brown paper bag; isn't that correct?	
4	A	Yes.	
5	Q	November 17, 1975, was a Monday; is that	
6	right?		
7	A	It could have been.	
8	Q	And this was one of the largest shopping	area
9	in New York	City in this vicinity?	
0	A	I never shop there.	
1	Q	But there were many people in it?	
12	Α	Not that many, surprisingly.	
13	Q	Was there traffic on the street?	
14	A	Yes.	
15	Q	Were there people walking on the street i	n
16	midday Mond	lay in Manhattan?	
17	A	Yes.	
18	Q	Many people were carrying packages, if yo	u
19	recall?		
20	A	I don't recall.	
21	Q	On November 17, 1975, who gave the order	to
22	effect the	stopping of the Ortiz vehicle?	

In all probability myself.

that you had received on October 30th from the informant,

And that was on the basis of the information

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isn't that correct?

- And another prior surveillance.
- Q And a prior surveillance on what date?
- A I believe Nobember -- I was not present --November 13th.
- Q Information that had been given to you as far as something that had happened on November 13, 1975 in Brooklyn, is that correct?
 - A Yes.
- Q And you were told at that time certain information but you had not seen it yourself, is that correct?
 - A That's correct.
- Q Now, on November 17th, these two unknown -these two individuals that entered the Ortiz car, did you know them?
 - No, I did not.
- Q You had not been able to associate either of thos individuals with the narcotics traffic, is that correct?
 - That's correct.
- Q On November 17th, when you saw one of the males that entered the Ortiz car -- you saw him carrying a package, is that correct?
 - A Yes, I did.
 - And at that time, of course, naturally from what Q

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correct?

A

Correct.

1	md Klopfer - cross 55
2	Q From the period of October 30, 1975, to
3	November 17, 1975, did you ever attempt to get an arrest
4	warrant or a search warrant for Ortiz?
5	A No, I did not.
6	MR. LOPEZ: I have no further questions of
7	this officer.
8	THE COURT: Anything else?
9	MR. MICHAELSON: Yes, I do, your Honor.
10	BY MR. MICHAELSON:
11	Q If you don't hear me, Officer Klopfer, will you
12	tell me, because it is hard for me to hear you, also.
13	Officer, you made a statement, you made an
14	affidavit, on November 18, 1975, is that correct?
15	A An affidavit for what?
16	Q An affidavit in support of the complaint in this
17	case.
18	A Yes.
19	Q I don't want to waste the Court's time and your
20	time. In that affidavit you referred to a statement by a
21	Mr. Victoriano Perez. You referred to a statement made
22	by him?

I don't recall. May I see it?

THE COURT: Yes, of course.

MR. MICHAELSON: May I approach the witness?

23

24

Q Will you read the affidavit briefly. You have had a chance to look at your affidavit of November 18, 1875; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And that was made in support of the complaint, is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And this was subsequent to your arrest of Mr.
Ortiz on November 17, 1975, is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And you indicate in your affidavit that the statement was made by Victoriano Perez; is that right?

A Yes.

Q There is nothing in here about a statement being made by Mr. Gonzalez on November 17th, is there?

A Not that I recall.

Q Well, you have had a chance to look at it?

A Yes.

Q There is nothing?

A No.

Q We have just been given certain material by the office of the United States Attorney which purports to be material that you reviewed before testifying here today; is that correct -- certain statements, certain reports?

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md		Klopfer - cros
	A	I didn't see it all.

- Q Those reports were made approximately November 25, 1975, is that not correct?
 - A I don't know.
- Q I direct your attention to your report of
 November 20, 1975. You have had a chance to review it now,
 have you not?
 - A Briefly, yes.
 - Q Do you need more time to review it?
- A If you are going to ask me very minute specific --
- Q I am going to ask you a very minute question in that report. If you have any question I will be happy to come up and show it to you again.

In your particular report of November 20, 1975, you again refer to a statement being made by Mr. Perez; is that not correct? Or do you?

- A I don't recall.
- Q Is it true that you refer to a conversation at approximately 8:50 p.m. on November 17, 1975? Do you recall that?
 - A At 8:50, at the time of the arrest?
 - Q Yes. Just subsequent to the arrest.
- A Yes.

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Q	And you	refer to	the fac	ct that	you	gave	certair
rights to	both Mr.	Gonzalez	and Mr.	Perez,	is	that	
correct?							

A Yes.

Q Isn't it true in that particular paragraph you indicate that both Mr. Gonzalez and Mr. Perez indicated to you they did not understand English?

A If that's what it says.

Q It does say that. If you would like to see it --

THE COUR What is the point? We are back and forth. What is the point you are trying to make?

MR. MICHAELSON: The point I am trying to make, very specifically, is there is no mention of any statement being made by my client, No. 1 --

THE COURT: Okay, I will take that. You have read it. Anything else?

MR. MICHAELSON: Yes, there is, sir.

THE COURT: What?

Q Mr. Klopfer, what does the term "mule" mean to you, in narcotics parlance?

A One who does not profit directly in large sums for carrying a quantity of a concealed item.

Q That could be a man or a woman, and not

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1	md Klopfer - cross 59
2	necessarily a woman?
3	THE COURT: What's this got to do with the
4	suppression hearing?
5	MR. MICHAELSON: I will go on to something
6	else.
7	Q Directing your attention to the arrest of
8	Mr. Rigoberto Gonzalez, did you overhear what was said
9	between Rodriguez and Rigoberto?
10	A Not in Spanish. I don't understand a word.
11	Q Did you hear something was being said while you
12	were conducting your surveillance at 182nd Street?
13	A No. I couldn't hear.
14	Q Directing your attention to November 17, 1975,
15	again, you indicated you saw my card in Mr. Gonzalez's
16	possession, is that correct? You took it from Mr.
17	Gonzalez?
18	A No, I did not. One of the fellow officers showe
19	it to me.
20	Q Do you know where that came from?
21	A His wallet, I was told.
22	Q And that was subsequent to his arrest; is that
23	correct?
24	A Yes, it was.

It is your testimony that Mr. Gonzalez did not

ask to speak with me?

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A That's correct.

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Q Did you ask him specifically whether he wanted to speak with me?

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A That's correct. Both the night before and in Mr. Bannigan's office.

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Q We are now talking about November 17th, the night before.

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A Yes, sir.

11

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Q And is it your testimony that you offered Mr.

Gonzalez an opportunity to call me and that he did not do
so?

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A That's correct.

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Q Incidentally, there is nothing in your report which so indicates, is there?

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THE COURT: I will take your word for it. If you have reviewed it and if there isn't there isn't.

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MR. DAVIS: I will be glad to offer the report in evidence.

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THE COURT: We don't need the report in evidence. Subject to correction, I will take any representation you make about those reports, Mr. Michaelson.

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MR. MICHAELSON: Thank you very much.

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Q Directing your attention to the next day, do you

1	md Klopfer - c_oss 61
2	remember inidentally, what time did you have this
3	alleged conversation with Mr. Gonzalez on the 17th?
4	What time did that end?
5	A What time did it end?
6	Q Yes.
7	A Until he was placed in the custody of the U. S.
8	Marshals, which was up to they were examined by a
9	doctor, I think, close to three o'clock in the morning.
10	Q Did you come and pick him up the next morning?
11	A Yes, I did.
12	Q Incidentally, did you speak to Mr. Gonzalez that
13	night in English or Spanish?
14	A I don't speak Spanish.
15	Q So you spoke to him in English?
16	A Yes.
17	Q When you spoke to him, did he appear to have
18	any difficulty understanding?
19	A None at all.
20	Q Did he speak with an accent?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Was it a rather strong accent?
23	A On some words.
24	O Did you have difficulty understanding him?

No, I did not.

Klopfer	-	cross

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Q Did he indicate to you that he ever had possession of this particular package that you were referring to?

- A No, he did not.
- Q He said he wanted to help his brother, is that right?
 - A Yes.
- Q Did he specifically tell you that he knew some people who he was going to introduce you to in California?
 - A He said he could find some people.
 - Q He could find some people?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Was that the word he used?
 - A Something similar.
- Q Did you make any notation with respect to that statement?
 - A No.
 - Q You made no note of that whatsoever?
 - A No, I did not.
- Q Was there anyone present in the room when that statement was allegedly being taken?
- A It wasn't a -- it was just a few sentences here and there.
 - Q Was there anyone present in the room when these

1	mel	Klopfer - cross 63	1
2	sentences w	ere made?	
3	A	Yes, I believe Detective Rodriguez.	
4	Q	Did you ask him whether he thought that Mr.	
5	Gonzalez sp	oke English and understood English?	
6		THE COURT: Please.	
7		MR. MICHAELSON: Excuse me, your Honor?	
8		THE COURT: That is not helpful.	
9	Q	I direct your attention to the next morning,	,
0	November 18	th. Did you pick Mr. Gonzalez up from the	
11	jail?		
12	A	Yes, I did.	
13	Q	What time did you do that?	
14	A	Approximately eleven o'clock.	
15	Q	Did you take him to the Magistrate's office?	?
16	A	Yes, I did.	
17	Q	Directly to the magistrate?	
18	A	Just downstairs, yes.	
19	Q	Was he arraigned at that particular time?	
20	A	Yes, he was.	
21	Q	He was arraigned at eleven o'clock?	
22	A	Oh, no.	

A I took him directly to the Magistrate's office.

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office?

When did you take him to the Magistrate's

1	md	Klopfer - cross	64
2	Q	And did you tell the magistrate that Mr.	
3	Gonzales		
4	Α	Excuse me, I took him directly to the Ass	istant
5	U. S. Attor	ney Eugene Bannigan's office. I'm sorry.	
6	Q	You didn't take him to the Magistrate's	
7	office?		
8	A	Not at that time.	
9	Q	Is there any reason you didn't take him t	o the
10	Magistrate'	s office? It was open, wasn't it?	
11	A	Because the normal course of events is th	at
12	they be spo	ken to and the necessary papers be drawn u	p by
13	the Assista	nt U. S. Attorneys.	
14	Q	That is the normal course of your organiz	ation?
15	That's the	way you do it?	
16	A	For six years, yes.	
17	Q	But the Magistrate's office was open?	
18	A	I don't know.	
19		THE COURT: We have had that before, and	I assume
20	it is open.		
21		MR. MICHAELSON: Your Honor will take not	ice of
22	it?		
23		THE COURT: Sure.	
24	Q	When did you take him to Mr. Bannigan's o	ffice?
25	A	Directly.	

1	md Klopfer - cross 65
2	Q At eleven o'clock?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Did Mr. Bannigan speak to Mr. Gonzalez at that
5	particular time?
6	A Yes, he did.
7	Q Was it at that particular time when you say
8	that these so-called statements regarding introducing to
9	other people were discussed?
10	A Yes, but if I may you kept saying that
11	particular time. Everything cannot happen all at once.
12	Q What happened at eleven o'clock?
13	A We picked him up approximately eleven o'clock,
14	these two gentlemen, myself and Detective Rodriguez.
15	We walked from downstairs, from MCC
16	THE COURT: We don't need this detail. It is
17	just a repetition of the direct. Do you have anything
18	that contradicts or supplements the direct?
19	MR. MICHAELSON: Your Honor, I am going to try
20	to skip a few points.
21	THE COURT: All right. Please.
22	Q What time did you arrive at Mr. Bannigan's
23	office? Perhaps that would be the best way to start.
24	A Perhaps twelve oblock, eleven-thirty.
25	Q Did my client speak with Mr. Bannigan at twelve

		80a
1	md Klopfer - cross	66
2	o'clock?	
3	A I don't know if it was exactly twelve o'cl	ock.
4	Q Were you there when he spoke to him?	
5	A I was there in and out when both gentlemen	were
6	speaking with Mr. Bannigan through Angel Rodriguez or	in
7	English with Mr. Gonzalez.	
8	Q When these particular statements were made	abou
9	the socalled introduction to some poeple in California	, wer
10	you present at that time?	
11	A Absolutely.	
12	Q And that was in English or in Spanish?	
13	A In English.	
14	Q Bannigan was there and Rodriguez was there	?
15	A I don't recall now. Rodriguez was there,	as I
16	testified earlier. Mr. Bannigan is a very busy man.	He wa
17	in and out of his office.	
18	Q His own office?	
19	A His own office.	
20	THE COURT: We are not going to start any t	rial
21	today. Let the jury go. Let's get going. This was	
22	supposed to be a reasonably short hearing. There reall	v is
23	no factual issue here, as counsel frankly conceded, and	

MR. MICHAELSON: I am trying to do the best I

have endless time spent on a lot of minutiae.

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THE COURT: You are not.

MR. MICHAELSON: I am trying the best I can. I indicated there was no problem of fact with relation to the arrest.

THE COURT: You are not adding one whit of anything.

MR.MICHAELSON: Will your Honor admit the voluntariness of giving up certain rights is an important factor?

THE COURT: You are not adding anything on that subject.

MR. MICHAELSON: I am trying.

THE COURT: Well, you are not.

MR. MICHAELSON; If your HOnor will give me just a few moments I would appreciate it.

THE COURT: Okay.

Was Mr. Bannigan present, to your recollection, when the statements were allegedly made by Mr. Gonzalez relating to his introduction of certain people who were dealing with him?

A I don't recall.

Do you recall that a sheet of paper was given Q to Mr. Gonzalez for him to fill out with respect to his

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And that was also not testified to before the grand jury, is that not correct? That's correct. A MR. MICHAELSON: May I have one moment, your

That's correct.

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Klopfer - cross

A That's correct.

Directing your attention again to your statement on direct examination regarding Mr. Ortiz, you heard from the informant that the deals took place in downtown Manhattan, is that correct, lower Manhattan?

A No. He believed the connections were from lower Manhattan.

And did he also indicate to you that he thought the people came from lower Manhattan to California, and then rought the material back? Is that correct? Is that the information got from the informant?

A Close. P-etty close.

Well, is that correct or isn't it?

A Yes, but he didn't say they flew directly from lower Manhattan.

Q No, I understand that. But they came from lower Manhattan, from the east to the west, picked up the material, and then came back east?

A Yes.

MR. MICHAELSON: I have no further questions.

THE COURT: Anything else?

MR. PANZER: May I ask just a few questions?

I will be very brief.

THE COURT: All right.

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BY MR. PANZER:

Q Agent Klopfer, let me tak you back to November 17, 1975, on 58th Street and Seventh Avenue, where you saw this Buick Electra car. Do you remember that?

A Yes.

Q And you saw two individuals in that car at some point, correct?

A Yes.

Q And these two individuals were passengers, right?

A Now that's three people in the car.

Q Yes, the driver and two passengers.

A Yes.

Q Had you ever seen those two individuals before?

A Negative.

Q The answer is "no"?

A No.

Q Were you using field glasses on that day?

A No, I was not.

Q You say one individual stepped off the curb and brought a package to the car; is that right?

A Yes.

Q How far away were you from that individual?

A Maybe a hundred feet. I was across the city

21 the first of the lawyers who talked to you, that you had a 22 conversation with another agent about his activities on, 23 you believed, November 13, 1975; is that correct?

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A That's correct.

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Who was that agent, and what did he tell you?

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A It was Police Officer Frank Berberich, a member of our group in the task force.

Q What did he tell you, and just give us the brief substance.

A He told me that he had surveillance on the night of the 13th of Mr. Ortiz removing a package, a brown paper bag or a shopping bag, something similar to that, from the trunk of one vehicle and welking over and handing it to a subject who was inside his own Buick.

This subject then, I believe now, left the vehicle and placed the package in the trunk of the Buick.

Q And would it be fair to say there are other details?

THE COURT: Let me hear that.

(Record read.)

MR. LOPEZ: I object to that. If there are other details, we would like to hear them.

THE COURT: Overruled.

A Yes.

Q Now, did Mr. Berberich say what neighborhood this took place in?

A Yes; it was on South 5th Street, between Hooper and I think Keap.

MR. DAVIS: That's all.

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Court's time than necessary, but based on what I asked this gentleman I will not call Mr. Berberich, who I intended to call.

The only other witness I intend to call is

Angel Rodriguez. Not necessarily for corroboration of what he did in the undercover operation, but he is the first person to have spoken to Mr. Perez and Mr. Gonzalez, and it may be necessary with respect to the voluntariness of Mr. Gonzalez's statement if Mr. Michaelson wants to raise it.

I don't want to take the Court's time unless Mr. Michaelson is raising theissue.

MR. MICHAELSON: I don't know what the gentleman is going to say. I can't stipulate to anything.

MR. DAVIS: I will call the witness.

A N G E L R O D R I G U E Z, called as a witness, being duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. DAVIS:

Q Mr. Rodriguez, will you tell us in a nice loud voice, because the acoustincs are bad here, where you are employed and how long you have been there.

THE COURT: We assume he is an agent, and let's go right to the point.

Q Mr. Rodriguez, will you tell us what you did on the evening of November 17, 1975.

A I went to a location in the area 182nd Street and St. Nicks Avenue.

1	md Rodriguez - direct . 76
2	Q What were you driving?
3	A I was driving a blue 225 Electra Buick.
4	Q I put before you Government Exhibit 5 in
5	evidence. Did you have that in your possession at that
6	time?
7	A Yes, I did.
8	Q Were you in radio contact with other agents at
9	that point?
10	A Yes, I was.
11	Q Will you tell us what you did?
12	A First of all, I was sent there to by Sergean
13	Berberick, and Investigator Klopfer. I was working in an
14	undercover capacity to meet certain individuals who were
15	allegedly waiting for the male driver of this particular
16	vehicle to pay those subjects some money.
17	Q Tell us what you did, Mr. Rodriguez.
18	A I drove up to the corner of 182nd Street and
19	St. Nicks. I pulled up to the two subjects that are sitting
20	to my left. I lowered the window, the right hand passenger
21	side of the window, and I yelled out, "Rigo."
22	At this time Mr. Rigoberto Gonzalez walked
23	towards the car, and I asked him, "Are you Rigo?"
24	And he said, "Who are you?"
25	I told him, "I'm a friend of Felix. Felix sent

1	md Rodriguez - direct 77
2	me up here to pay you some money, the money for the stuff."
3	He was going to get into the vehicle, and I told him,
4	"Look, the money I've got half the money for you, and the
5	noney is in the trunk of the vehicle. I've got to go to the
6	trunk of the vehicle."
7	Q Mr. Rodriguez, what language were you speaking
8	at the time?
9	A Spanish.
10	Q Do you speak Spanish fluently?
11	A Yes, I do.
12	Q Do you see the two gentlemen you saw on the
13	street corner that evening here today?
14	A Yes, I do.
15	Q With respect to the person who you were speaking
16	to, will you point him out, please?
17	A He is the person with the yellow sweater.
18	Q Indicating the defendant Gonzalez.
19	A Yes.
20	Q And the other person on the street corner, do you
21	see him in the courtroom today?
22	A Yes.
23	Q Where is he?
24	A The one in the brown suit.

At which end of the table is he, left or right?

When you say "we were all arrested, " who was

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Q

arrested?

2	A	1	was	arrested	myself,	Mr.	Gonzalez	was
3	arrested.	and M	fr. P	erez was	arrested			

- Q When you say you were arrested, you mean you were pretending to be arrested?
 - A Yes.
 - Q What happened after this arrest?
 - A After this arrest we took them to the office.
 - Q What happened on the car ride down?

A In the car I still maintained the undercover role, and I told Rigoberto, I said, "What the hell is going on? Were you guys tailed, or anything like that? Somebody wants to write us off."

This is what I told Mr. Rigoberto. Mr. Rigoberto says that there was a guy caught in the airport before sometime during the week, that maybe he was the one who gave the information.

During this time Mr. Rigoberto also stated that they could prove nothing on him, that they didn't get him with nothing, and that for me not to worry. I told him that I was worried. I also told him that I would like to make my own contact with him in the future if we ever beat this case so I can go to wherever he came from to negotiate a deal.

Q Who else was in the car other than you and Mr. Perez and Mr. Gonzalez?

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A	Police	Officer	Phil	Alba,	and	the	state
investigator,	Lawrence	e McDona	ald.				

- Q What, if anything, did they do or say?
- A Well, Police Officer Phil Alba gave the rights, and I interpreted them.
 - Q When was this?
 - A As soon as we got in the vehicle.
 - As soon as you got in the car?
 - A Yes.
 - Q And what happened?
- A Well, he advised him of his rights, and Rigoberto said he understood everything. Mr. Perez was shook up, so I had to explain to him in Spanish.
- Q What happened when you got to your headquarters?
- A We took them into two separate rooms. At this time I left the room, I was called out of the room. I came back as a detective. I showed my shield to Rigoberto --
 - Q Who else was in the room at that point?
- A At this time there was Special Agent John
 Mullin was inside, and State Investigator Lawrence
 McDonald.
 - Q Was Mr. Perez in the room at that point?
- 25 A I was in the room just with Rigoberto.

	7,50
1	md Rodriguez - direct 81
2	Q Where was Mr. Perez at that point?
3	A In a different room.
4	Q What if anything did you say to Mr. Gonzalez
5	it that point?
6	A I told Mr. Gonzalez first of all, I showed
7	him my shield, told him I was a real detective, and advised
8	him of his rights again.
9	Q How did you do that?
10	A I read the rights to him that Special
11	Investigator Donald Klopfer handed me some paper, some card,
12	
	and I read it to him in Spanish and English.
13	THE COURT: To whom did you say?
14	THE WITNESS: Special Investigator Donald
15	Klopfer handed me the card, and I read the rights to Mr.
16	Rigoberto Gonzalez.
17	Q Showing you Government Exhibit 7 for identifica-
18	tio., is this a copy of the card you used?
19	A Yes.
20	Q In Spanish?
21	A Yes.
22	Q You say you read it to him in Spanish and
23	English?
- 1	A Yes, I did.
24	n res, r uru.

Did you read everything on this card?

il .		

- A Yes, I did.
- Q What did Mr. Gonzalez say?
- A He said he understood but there was no need for it because he was innocent.
 - Q I c'uldn't hear you.
- A He said there was no need for it because he was innocent -- "I don't know why you got me he "."
 - Q What happened next?
- A Then we searched him, Special Agent John Mullin and myself, and once we got to his wallet I found --

THE COURT: We have all that about the card.

- Q We will pass over the search, Mr. Rodriguez.

 Did you have any further conversation with Mr. Gonzale: that
 night?
 - A Yes, I did.
 - Q What was that conversation?
- A Well, I told Mr. Gonzalez that we -- it was perfectly clear to him, of course, that we had him dead to rights, that we had him in a conversation with me when I went to pay the money, and we had him on observations, and I asked him if he wanted to cooperate.

I said, "Would you like to cooperate with our office? Would you like to -- I understand that you have been caught with this amount of heroin. I'm sure you know a

it add?

lot of big people wherever you come from."

Q And what did he say?

A He said, "Well, first of all, I don't want to talk about this case that you have got me on here. This, I don't want to talk about at all."

He said, "There are people" -- he said, "There are people in Los Angeles or California or wherever who do deal in narcotics, but, " he says, "but if you let my brother and I go now, if you let my brother and I go now, I'll call you back in two or three days and" --

THE COURT: Let me interrupt. There is all this trouble about that statement. I don't see that that statement -- you have either got a case or not. If you don't have a case that statement by Gonzalez, so-called, about him going to California, that isn't even worth struggling about.

MR. DAVIS: I do intend to use it, your Honor.

THE COURT: I don't know why you do. What does

MR. DAVIS: In the context of this case it will add something, but I will not press the point here if your Honor doesn't agree with me.

THE COURT: The motion is to suppress the statement, and I am really suggesting that I think it is such a trivial part of your case I don't think it means a lot.

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You either have a case or you don't, depending on what the jury believes, and if the other witness is admissible that's eyewitness evidence. To have this statement casually given bout "I'll go to California," I just don't think it is worth the struggle, really.

MR. DAVIS: All I can say is I thought about it, and based on my experience I thought it would be helpful to me with a jury in this case, and I do intend to offer it in evidence.

THE COURT: Please continue.

- Q Mr. Rodriguez, I am putting before you what has been marked Government Exhibit 8 in evidence. Would it be fair to say that that is a card that you found on Mr. Gonzalez that night?
 - A Yes, it is.
- Q Did you have any conversation with him about that card?
 - A Yes, I did.
 - Q What did you say and what did he say?
- A Well, I asked him if this was the telephone number of the subject Felix; and he says, "Tony, I don't know anything about that card, I never saw it."
 - Q Did you ask him if he knew Mr. Ortiz?
- 25 A Yes.

contact with him."

1	md Rodriguez - direct 86
2	Q At any time during the conversation that you
3	have described so far, Mr. Rodriguez, did he ever ask you to
4	stop talking because he wanted to talk to his lawyer?
5	A No.
6	Q And did there ever come a time that night when
7	he said he wanted to talk to his lawyer?
8	A Yes.
9	Q What did you do at that point?
10	A At that point we told him, "We'll see you
11	tomorrow in court."
12	Q I'll try to save time. The next day did there
13	come a time you were in Mr. Bannigan's office?
14	A Yes.
15	Q Was Mr. Sonzalez there?
16	A Yes.
1.7	Q Did Mr. Bannigan advise him of his rights
18	fur_her?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And did you translate at least portions of that
21	for Mr. Gonzalez?
22	A Yes, I did.
23	Q Now, Mr. Rodriguez, I am putting in front of you
24	what has been marked Exhibit 9, Government Exhibit 9 for
25	identification. Is this a form that Mr. Bannigan was filling

1	md Rodrigaez - direct 87
2	out when you were talking with Mr. Gonzalez?
3	A Yes, it is.
4	Q And do you recollect yourself and I am not ask
5	ing you to look at the form whether Mr. Bannigan asked
6	him all the questions on the form?
7	A Yes, he did.
8	Q And do you yourself recollect whether or not
9	Mr. Gonzalez made the answers that appear there?
10	A Yes.
11	MR. DAVIS: I will offer this in evidence,
12	your Honor, and I have no further questions of this
13	witness.
14	MR. MICHAELSON: I have some questions.
15	Shall I do that now?
16	THE COURT: Yes.
17	MR. MICHAELSON: I will try to be brief.
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Well, that was mentioned to the U. S. Attorney. That was said to the U. S. Attorney.

I know it was mentioned to the U. S. Attorney, and all that, but there is nothing in there about that, is there?

> A No, there is not.

Directing your attention to after your arrest -okay? Now, you have been arrested, right?

> A Right.

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Did you tell Mr. Rigoberto Gonzalez and Mr. Perez that you were a police officer at that time?

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Mr. Rigoberto will tell you that.

No. You just tell us what you have to say.

I was the interpreter. Police Officer Alba told us we were under arrest, and I told Alba, "I speak English. I'll interpret for them."

1	md	Rodriguez - cross 99
2	Q	Did Mr. Gonzalez speak to you in English or in
3	Spanish?	
4	A	He spoke English a couple of times to the
5	Q	To you, to you, to you.
6	A	No. He spoke Spanish.
7	Q	He spoke Spanish to you?
8	A	That's right.
9	Q	Did he have difficulty speaking to you in
10	Spanish?	
1	A	No.
12	Q	Did he have difficulty speaking to you in
ið	English?	
14	A	Well, he didn't speak to me in English.
15	Q	In the car he spoke to you only in Spanish;
16	is that right	?
17	A	Right. I have to answer that he spoke Spanish
18	because he di	dn't want the officers to understand. I
19	suggested tha	t to him myself.
20	Q	You suggested that he speak in Spanish?
21	A	Correct.
22	Q	You didn't tell him you were a police officer
23	then, did you	?
24	A	No, not at that time.

When did you first tell him you were a police

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officer?

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When he was in the room at 201 Varick Street.

And did you then remind him of what he had said .o you while you were acting as a defendant?

A Well, I told him -- once I told him I was a police officer, I advised him of his rights.

That is not the question I am asking. I hate to interrupt you. Try to listen to what I say okay?

The question now is: After, after you told him you were a police officer, okay, you read him his rights at that point?

Did you tell him, "Now you said certain things to me before. Do you remember them?" Did you discuss that?

A The first thing when I got to the office -- the purpose wasn't to get evidence against the defendant; the only purpose was that I worked undercover in the area and I wanted to make sure if people saw they didn't think I was an informer or think I was an officer, so of course I was arrested.

Q I am asking you a different question. I am asking you whether you told Mr. Gonzalez, whether you reminded him of the conversation that you had had inside the car. Did you mention the conversation to him?

			106a
1	1 md	Rodriguez - cross	101
2	A Honestly -		
3	Q Yes, hones	tly.	
4	4 A I would say	y I did talk to him about th	e car;
5	5 :hat was mentioned.		
6	6 Q And you did	d mention some of the things	that he
7	7 mentioned to you in the o	car.	
8	8 A I only ment	tioned the car because that	was
9	g the only thing we were lo	ooking for was the car.	
0	Q Did you say	anything to him to the eff	ect,
1	"Do you remember what you	said to me in the car?"	
2	A No.		
3	Q "Now I am a	police officer, what do yo	u have
4	to say?"		
5	A No. And I	have witnesses to prove tha	t.
6	Q I know that	, but I am asking you did y	ou do it?
7	A No.		
8	Q Directing y	our attention he said to	you he wa
9	innocent at that time, is	that not correct? Is that	whne he
0	said he was innocent?		
1	A When I show	ed him my shield and told h	im I was
2	a detective.		

When you got to the U. S. Attorney's office the

Then he said he was innocent?

Yes.

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suppress it, but I think it is somewhat questionable. It was

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means in the circumstances under which it was given, and the motivation and whether it really means anything. I think it is really meaningless.

MR. DAVIS: I would like to remind the Court
Mr. Gonzalez at the time also said he did not know Felix
Ortiz, which is a perfect false exculpatory statement in the
lawbooks.

THE COURT: I know the lawbooks, but if you get to put on the case, which I still have to worry about, you've got eyewitness testimony about a transaction. This witness went over and looked out the window and he called, "Rigo," and he comes up and says he is ready to pay him thousands and thousands of dollars, and you worry about putting on some silly so-called admissions or exculpatory statements made afterwards.

MR. DAVIS: All I can say is it is my responsibility to bear the risk of trying this case.

THE COURT: Well go on and on with this.

MR. MICHAELSON; I will try to be brief.

THE COURT: This is just very murky, and I don't blame you at this point at all.

I barely understand -- the witness is difficult to understand, his English is broken, and it is a very confusing

1	md Rodriguez - cross 104
2	situation which I will readily admit to you, and if the jury
3	has the same reaction, congratulations.
4	BY MR. MICHAELSON:
5	Q Directing your attention, Mr. Rodriguez, to your
6	time in the office with Mr. Bannigan, do you remember what
7	time that was?
8	A I believe it was after twelve o'clock.
9	Q Were you in that office with Mr. Bannigan?
10	A Yes, at one time I was.
11	Q Was that conversation in English or in Spanish?
12	A Which conversation are you referring to, sir?
13	Q I am referring to the conversation in Mr.
14	Bannigan's office with Mr. Gonzalez and with you being
15	present. Do you understand which one I am talking about
16	now?
17	A Yes, the conversation on Bannigan's side was
18	in English, and my side was in Spanish, and some of the
19	questions were asked in English and Mr. Rigoberto said that he
20	understood, and the ones that he didn't understand I inter-
21	preted for him.
22	MR. MICHAELSON: May I approach the witness,
23	your Honor?
24	THE COURT: Yes.

I want you to take a look at the top of

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Government's Exhibit No. 9, and do you see a statement on top of that on the right hand side? I ask you to read it very carefully.

A "Translation done by Detective Rodriguez whenever defendant noted he did not understand English."
Which is exactly what I said.

Q Now, let me ask you this. Do you know which questions Mr. Gonzalez indicated he did not understand?

A I have to look at it.

Q Look at it very carefully. Is there a record of which ones he said he understood and which ones he said he did not understand?

A Yes, there is.

THE COURT: We will take a short recess.

(Recess.)

THE COURT: Incidentally, nobody briefed the question of the necessity of getting a warrant on the basis of November 13th. I have looked through all the briefs.

There is not a word about it.

MR. PANZER: Might I be heard? The first time we became aware of this is when I was handed that memorandum yesterday. We were not given the 3500 material, we were not privy to --

THE COURT: You have a description of the

	1114
1	md Rodriguez - cross 106
2	November 13th observation.
3	MR. LOPEZ: Just as an overt act, your Honor.
4	MR. PANZER: We didn't know what happened.
5	MR. LOPEZ: We didn't know anything about any
6	other individuals in a car. All we knew is a brown paper bag
7	had been removed from a Thunderbird and that was near the
8	grocery store in which defendant worked.
9	THE COURT: That is just not correct. I have
0	a brief filed by Frank A. Lopez, page 2 of which says,
1	"On November 13, 1975, Ortiz was seen in the vicinity of
2	South 5th and Keap Streets, Brooklyn, removing a brown paper
3	bag from a Ford Thunderbird. The contents of the brown paper
4	bag are unknown" and so forth.
5	MR. LOPEZ: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Apparently, you walked into court
7	today prepared to say that there should have been a search
5	warrant on the basis of the November 13th

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f which says, the vicinity of oving a brown paper s of the brown paper walked into court ave been a search MR. LOPEZ: Yes, on the basis of the government's memorandu of law which I saw today. THE COURT: What are your cases on that? You are making a legal argument here, and I need some authority. MR. LOPEZ: There is a case, I think U. S. V. Soriano, out of the 8th Circuit, as I recall. Co-counsel has mentioned a case --SOUTHERN DE ORIGE COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE FOLE' SQUARE NEW YORK NY - 791-1020

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THE COURT: You think about the case while we have a recess.

(Recess.)

Y MR. MICHAELSON:

Q Mr. Rodriguez, do you still have in your possession Government's Exhibit 9?

A Yes.

Q Have you had a chance to review Government Exhibit 9?

A Yes.

Q Can you tell me which portions of Government

Exhibit 9 Mr. Gonzalez indicated he didn't understand and which

ones he did understand, which questions, and how did you

come to that conclusion?

A I came to that conclusion --

Q First -- excuse me -- first tell us which ones he cid understand and which ones hd didn't understand.

A Well, it was up to the --

Q Excuse me --

A I have to answer that question with an explanation of why I came to that conclusion.

THE COURT: I don't understand. We are going to be here all afternoon. Will you please start responding to the lawyer's questions directly? Don't give any peripheral

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minutes.

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While you were in there with Mr. Gonzalez?

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Yes.

1	md	Rodriguez - cross 110
2	A	After he questioned him he got up and left.
3	Q	While the questioning was going on was Mr.
4	Bannigan ther	e all the time?
5	A	Yes, I believe he was.
6	Q	Was Mr. Klopfer there all the time?
7	A	No.
8	ç	Was he there at any time after the first two
9	questions here	e on Government's Exhibit 9?
10	A	No, I don't believe so.
11		MR. MICHAELSON: I have nothing further of this
12	itness, your	Honor.
13		THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Panzer?
14		MR. PANZER: I have no questions.
15		THE COURT: Any redirect?
16	-	MR. DAVIS: No redirect, your Honor.
17		THE COURT: Step down.
18		(Witness excused.)
19		MR. DAVIS: I have no further witnesses.
20		The government rests on this point.
21		THE COURT: Is there any further evidence?
22		MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, the only thing I want to
23	make sure, and	we can deem it marked, is that all the evidence
4	is before the	court so your Honor can properly either suppress

or deny the application, as it deems fit. I want to make sure

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the exhibit as far as the narcotics here are concerned includes both what was in the car and taken from the possession of the defendant, and I am also prepared to stipulate --

THE COURT: Let's pause on that.

Is all the narcotic evidence that you seek to introduce in evidence at this hearing?

MR. DAVIS: No. I asked the Court whether I should go through introducing it in evidence, and I had the impression you did not want it. He described it all. It is not all in evidence, but I think we know what we are talking about.

MR. LOPEZ: I want to stipulate to it being in evidence for the purpose of this hearing.

MR. DAVIS: Fine.

THE COURT: In other words, you are trying to have it in the record so that there is a specific focus on a specific piece of evidence.

MR. LOPEZ: That's correct.

Likewise, your Honor --

THE COURT: What else do you have? I take it you don't have it in this room right now.

MR. DAVIS: I have the agents outside, but the heroin seized in the car was divided into two packages.

THE COURT: So there is a second package of

1	md 112
2	heroin. We will deem that marked as Government's Exhibit
3	No
4	MR. DAVIS: It goes with 3.
5	THE COURT: We will call it 3-A.
6	MR. DAVIS: There was also a small amount of
7	heroin described as coming from Mr. Ortiz's person.
8	MR. LOPEZ: May that be 3-B?
9	THE COURT: All right, that will be 3-B?
10	MR. DAVIS: There was also the cocaine found on
11	Mr. Gonzalez.
12	MR. MICHAELSON: Apparently from what I gather
13	there is going to be some claim it was taken from Mr.
14	Gonzalez's wallet subsequent to his arrest.
15	MR. DAVIS: Right.
16	THE COURT: We will call that the next number,
17	which will be 10.
18	Was 9 admitted?
19	MR. DAVIS: I offered it.
20	THE COURT: There is a 9 for identification.
21	Is there any objection to 9?
22	MR. MICHAELSON: No objection, just on the basis
20	of what we have done before

THE COURT: All right. 9 is received.

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MR. DAVIS: There is also a seizure from the safe deposit box. I understand from Mr. Lopez's not raising an independent question as to anything found in there.

MR. LOPEZ: I do want it marked. I will stipulate it is before this court for the purposes of this hearing.

THE COURT: We will have it deemed marked

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Honor.

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Government Exhibit 11, just for reference purposes, and that is received.

(Government Exhibit No. 11 was deemed received in evidence.)

MR. LOPEZ: We have no other applications.

The defendant Ortiz rests on the motion.

MR. MICHAELSON: I will rest, your Honor.

MR. PANZER: The defendant Perez rests, your

THE COURT: Let me just discuss this question of law. Mr. Davis has referred us to U. S. v. Watson, decided by the Supreme Court January 26, 1976. That was a case where there was a warrantless arrest by a postal inspector pursuant to a specific statute that provided for arrests without warrants.

The court held that that was constitutional, and, furthermore, went on and discussed the general Fourth Amendment question, and in the slip opinion -- I am referring to pages 5 and 6 -- and it seems to me very clear what they are saying is that an arrest for a felony with probable cause simply does not require a warrant.

I am just reading this case. The usual rule is that a police -- this is quoting from an earlier Supreme Court case -- the usual rule is that a police officer may

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arrest without warrant one believed by the officer upon reasonable cause to be guilty of a felony.

Referring to the Carro v. United States -- and I won't give the citations -- that's all here. Then they refer to another case, a 1959 case, Henry against United States, where they say the court declared, and so forth. I am skipping around.

But the court in this United States v. Watson
says, "A necessary inquiry, therefore, was not whether there
was a warrant or whether there was time to get one but whether
there was probable cause for the arrest," and so forth and
so on.

That's the Supreme Court.

MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, may I address myself to the evidence?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, ever so briefly, Ortiz makes a two-prong attack in support of his motion to suppress.

One, he says there is insufficient probably cause; and, two, he indicates this was a warrantless arrest, and that there was time and opportunity to get a warrant.

Your Honor, we have several factors that we must consider to ascertain whether the officers arose to the level

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of probable cause to effect the arrest here. We have an informer not proved reliable who is under arrest who is trying to make a deal for himself and gives information not specific as to what is going to take place in the future, which can be verified, but as to what happened according to him in the past.

Obviously, the informant's information is not even correct in several factors. This deal takes place in midtown Manhattan, as a matter of fact. The officers' surveillance indicates that nothing is taking place in lower Manhattan. So the informant's reliability here at most is very questionable.

What in fact do they see? They see on November 13th Oritz, who works for a grocery store, going to a Thunderbird, taking out a brown paper bag, and giving it to an occupant in an automobile, in his Buick Electra. That's it.

At that point, November 13th, the government can't have it two ways. They did not move in on Ortiz at that time and arrest him. They did not even at that time say, "Well, here we have now another situation. Let's find out. Let's get a warrant on those factors."

Had they brought a warrant to your Honor on those factors, I think the Court may have been very reluctant to issue a warrant to search Ortiz on those observations.

But what now happens on November 17th to raise this to the level of probable cause? First now they still haven't done anything about a warrant. From November 13th to 17th they have not made any additional observations, and now on November 17th in the busiest commercial section of this city they see two people at one point, and then at another point, get into a car with a brown paper bag, which is not unusual for this section of the city -- get into Ortiz's car.

When they stop Ortiz on First Avenue and 34th

Street near the Midtown Tunnel they don't arrest Ortiz

immediately, they go for the bag. They look in the bag.

They see what they believe to be heroin. Then operating on that hunch which now is proving fruitful, your Honor, they arrest Ortiz and we have a domino theory of post arrest statements, the search of the box, etc.

The government can't have it both ways. On November 13th they didn't move in because they only had suspicions not rising to the level of probable cause, or if they had more than that they didn't bother to get a warrant.

November 17th nothing more is added. They don't have any information, they don't have any advance tip. All they have is Ortiz in an automobile with two individuals with

no prior narcotic history, unknown to them who these individuals are getting into a car, and apparently, your Honor, leaving a brown paper bag behind.

when Ortiz is approached in his car he is taken out of the car, he is not placed immediately under arrest, but they go for the brown paper bag, they look in, and then he is arrested.

f submit here we have a case of insufficient probable cause, and, therefore, the motion should be granted, or, secondly, an insufficient act on the part of the government, your Honor, in not obtaining a warrant.

From what your Honor has said, and to conclude, in United States v. Watson we have no dispute on that because they had probable cause to arrest. Under Preston, Coolidge, and all of those cases, naturally they had the right to secure the defendant and search the immediate area. They didn't to that here. They wanted to see what was in the brown paper bag. Once they saw it was fruitful, they arrested Ortiz. You can almost surmise they would have let him go had there only been fruit or bananas in that bag. That is obvious. That is the point here.

Thank you very much, your Honor.

MR. PANZER: Might I add to Mr. Lopez, though he has been very eloquent?

The Watson case does not dispense with the requirement to get a search warrant when you are going to search a car. The Supreme Court did not say that. They said you can only dispense with that with respect to moving vehicles when there are exigent circumstances.

They had just as much on November 13th as they had on November 17th, so they could have applied for a search warrant.

In fact, in the Coolidge case, where they did not apply for a search warrant and there was an arrest based on probable cause outside the car, the Supreme Court of the United States said even though they searched the car afterwards they should have gotten a warrant to search that car.

So it doesn't leave it to the officer to dispense with a search warrant underthe Fourth Amendment just because they have probable cause to arrest somebody; they still have to have the probable cause to arrest the vehicle and they have to have a search warrant to do that.

If they can show exigent circumstances why they couldn't get a search warrant then maybe they could be sustained, but they haven't shown that on this hearing before your Honor, and I add that.

THE COURT: he was about to go into the Queens-

Midtown Tunnel, and they arrested him, and they had seen the transfer of a bag, and they go get a search warrant?

What do they do?

MR. PANZER: They could have gotten the search warrant on the 13th when they made the other observation.

THE COURT: You are not saying it should have been gotten on the 17th?

MR. PANZER: Of course not. They could have gotten it on the 13th, and been ready, and then they would have had a right to enter the vehicle.

MR. MICHAELSON: The difference between Watson and this case is here we are talking about the right to search a vehicle, and that indicates what he did here was search a vehicle and then arrest somebody, and that is a critical difference to Watson.

THE COURT: What do you mean first they searched the vehicle and then arrested?

MR. MICHAELSON: First they stopped the car, and as I heard the testimony they immediately opened the door and grabbed the package, and then they placed, he specifically said "and then we placed Mr. Ortiz under arrest."

I think that is a critical difference.

THE COURT: I didn't get that distinction.

MR. MICHAELSON: At any rate, going on to the point

I am obviously most concerned about, a lot would depend upon your Honor's ruling, obviously --

THE COURT: Let's focus on your situation on Gonzalez's statement.

MR. MICHAELSON: It seems to me clearly as soon as he was under arrest what happened here was he was entitled to be advised of his rights and to be told there was a police officer present, and to be told all of those things which this man did not know. Rodriguez did not tell him that. By his own testimony he said, "I happen to be your friend, I happen to be a defendant here, also. I am just interpreting for you."

At that point he had to inform him he was a police officer, which he did not do. Anything said after that, it seems to me, is clearly inadmissible. First of all, he had the right, at that precise moment, to have an attorney, because there was a police officer interrogating him. He didn't say he was giving up his rights. There is no indication, no statement by Rodriguez, that he said, "Okay, Mr. Rodriguez, I am going to give up my rights, I am going to talk to you."

Of course he didn't say that, because Rodriguez didn't say he was a police officer. Rodriguez said to him, "I happen to be a defendant, too just like you."

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THE COURT: As I understand it, the two times that Gonzalez is said to have uttered the statements about going to California occurred -- they didn't occur in the car, did they? They occurred where?

MR. DAVIS: They both occurred sometime after he arrived at headquarters, and knew that Mr. Rodriguez was a po'iceman.

THE COURT: They occurred --

MR. DAVIS: The first time they occurred was on the night of November 17th at Task Force Headquarters, and the next day.

THE COURT: The evidence is they had been given Miranda rights before each of those.

MR. DAVIS: Yes.

MR. MICHAELSON: I have two arguments.

First of all, that trickery, that kind of situation, clearly violates Miranda, Messiah, and all the other cases involving this kind of situation, and that anything that happened thereafter is tainted by that original statement.

Even the officer himself said that it was brought to his attention, it was brought to Mr. Gonzalez's attention, by the officer himself to the effect that what had been said in the particular vehicle. He testified to that on direct examination. So anything that took place thereafter is

tainted.

I would also indicate to your Honor that Mr.

Bannigan conducted the interview in Spanish with Rodriguez, and I would also indicate to your Honor that Rodriguez was under the impression apparently that he did not understand English, he conducted his statements all in Spanish.

Klopfer said he doesn't understand Spanish, so that the statement on the first evening which Rodriguez says is in Spanish Klopfer says is in English. You can't have it both ways. It was either in Spanish or in English.

THE COURT If the government was seeking to introduce statements made by Gonzalez after the arrest while Gonzalez was still posing as a --

MR. MICHAELSON: You mean Rodriguez, sir.
THE COURT: Let me start again.

statements of Gonzalez made to Rodriguez while Rodriguez was still posing as a cohot, and this occurred after the arrest, I think that I would suppress it without question.

But I do think that there does come a time when, let's call it the fruits of that situation, or the causal effect of that situation, is probably dissipated. In other words, if you get to the office. Rodriguez shows his badge, and says, "I am really a detective," and if after that in the

presence of Klopfer and Rodriguez +- and I hope I am using the names right -- if the officers after full disclosure of Rodriguez's role ask questions, ask if Gonzalez wants to cooperate, and he makes the statement about going to California, and he denies knowing Felix, and all, I really can't conscientiously say that this all is just the fruit of the deception.

MR. MICHAELSON: May I be heard on that briefly, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes

MR. MICHAELSON: Perhaps, as your Honor puts it, it may not be so, but what we have here, at least so far as I heard the evidence, that they used, that Rodriguez in a sense said to Mr. Gonzalez, "The jig is up. You told me these things before. I am now telling you that I am a police officer."

In other words, what he is saying to Mr. Gonzalez at that point, assuming everything you say is correct -- what he is saying to him is there's no point in you now failing to disclose anything because I got you, you told me all of these things before you knew I was a police officer.

So what I am saying is that the taint here is very, very real. The taint goes past a mere giving of the rights again. The taint goes to the point of saying, "Sure you don't

have to say anything, but remember me, I'm the guy you just said all of those things to, and I am a police officer."

If not said in those particular words, clearly it has that effect, and Mr. Rodriguez indicated he did mention that.

THE COURT: That's a little subtle, but the important things that were said by Gonzalez were said on the street before the arrest.

MR. MICHAELSON: That may very well be, but we are not concerned with that at the moment.

THE COURT: What was said that was so devastating and psychologically powerful that would lock Gonzalez in, so to speak? What was said after the arrest during the trickery, so-called?

MR. MICHAELSON: I have to indicate to your Honor that as far as I am concerned it never happened, and I will indicate that the evidence seems to indicate that. The Bannigan situation with Klopfer supposedly in the office and Bannigan leaving turns out to be completely different.

It is Bannigan in the office and Klopfer never in the office when the statements are allegedly made.

I would say it is almost impossible for your Honor to believe the statements were made, but that is not the issue here, and I understand that.

This information does not appear in any statement,
in any written form, no writing anywhere, and there are con-
tradictory statements between Klopfer and Bannigan, and
Rodriguez clearly indicates they weren't made, but I would
indicate to your Honor the taint

THE COURT: Who heard Mr. Gonzalez say it?

MR. DAVIS: Do you want the names of all the witnesses?

THE COURT: Klopfer said he heard him say the thing about going to California.

MR. DAVIS: Your question to me was who testified about the statements. Both Klopfer and Rodriguez heard it perhaps at different times, but they both heard the statement. There was one other witness I didn't call today.

THE COURT: It was all at the office?

MR. DAVIS: The night before in headquarters, and also in Mr. Bannigan's office on the 18th, and --

THE COURT: But not in the car?

MR. DAVIS: Not in the car.

MR. MICHAGLEON: I am in an awkward position now,

I want to indicate on the record to the Court. I spoke to

Mr. Bannigan subsequent to the 18th, and I am perfectly

happy to have Mr. Bannigan come here to confirm or deny what

I am going to say.

I spoke to him around the 25th, I was here in this courthouse approximately the 26th or 25th of November, and I asked Mr. Bannigan whether any statements were made by my client. He said, "The only statement made by your client is here in Government Exhibit 9."

I can understand -- in which my client denies anything.

I can understand, your Honor, Mr. Bannigan not being aware, and not being -- not remembering a statement not made in his presence by my client, but what is difficult for me to understand, and I don't believe -- I would believe Mr. Bannigan frankly would confirm what I said, becase the testimony here is very confusing. Klopfer says he was there, he heard it, but Bannigan might have been out of the room. Rodriguez says Bannigan never left the room, Klopfer left the room.

THE COURT: It goes to whether it was made.

MR. MICHALESON: Going back to another point, I think it is tainted beyond help because after Rodriguez showed him his shield Rodriguez didn't say to my client, "You see I am a police officer now, and anything you said to me in the car I can't use against you because I got that under trickery."

THE COURT: I have that point, and I can't agree.

MR. MICHAELSON: Getting back to the other situation, my client had my card there. My card was in his possession, and apparently they are indicating here to this Court -- again it is a matter of credibility -- that they said to my client, "You can call the man," and that my client supposedly said, "I don't know the man."

THE COURT: There is no evidence to the contrary on that, really.

MR. MICHAELSON: There is no evidence to the contrary, I agree. All we have here -- all the information testified to, including the giving of the rights, including the stuff allegedly taken, none of that is in any of the reports filed by the government.

THE COURT: This isn't the occasion to determine whether the statement was made or not, that would be a jury question.

MR. MICHAELSON: I agree.

THE COURT: It is up to the government, and maybe it will all work to the benefit of the defense if they put that in, and you can go to work impeaching the witness, and we have all seen how effective that can be. So if the government wants to do that, that's up to the government in its wisdom.

We have spent a lot of time on that this afternoon,

and whether it is worth it will have to remain to be seen.

MR. MICHAELSON: One more comment with respect to the probable cause to arrest.

Now, Mr. Panzer, what about you?

I submit to your Honor there was no probable cause to arrest my client if in fact the arrest of Mr. Ortiz was invalid. Under the domino theory, everything taken from him was invalid.

I would submit to your Honor in this case, a conspiracy case, where the posture is all three are charged with possession, that we would have a right to base our argument -- we would have a standing to base our argument of no probable cause to arrest my client.

THE COURT: All right.

Mr. Panzer, you are really just riding along,
aren't you?

MR. PANZER: I am just riding along. I would like to say one thing --I know time is of the essence --in support of Mr. Michaelson's argument on this issue of the statement.

I think the crucial thing in the statement situation is whether the defendant made a voluntary, intelligent, knowing waiver of his rights, and I think it would be almost impossible for a defendant who is in a car with somebody who is acting as a co-defendant, who is really

a police officer, and tells him, "Well, you can speak to me in Spanish so they don't understand what we are saying, " and then gets admissions from this guy, and then later on confronts him with being a police officer -- how he can make an intelligent waiver at that point, when he doesn't know whether or not what he said in the car could be used against him, I think is impossible to overcome.

I think that is a factor your Honor has to weigh in determining whether or not this statement is admissible.

THE COURT: Let me put my rulings on the record quickly.

The defendant Ortiz moves to suppress all evidence seized at the time of the arrest on November 17, 1975, specifically heroin seized in the automobile and on his person.

There is also a motion to suppress certain postarrest statements, and there is a motion to vacate the search warrant for a safe deposit box.

All of the motions of Ortiz really stem from the claim that the arrest was invalid because it was without warrant and without probable cause, and the claim really is that the things that are sought to be suppressed were fruits of the arrest, so the question really all goes to the question of whether the arrest was invalid.

I have phrased it according to what was said at the beginning of the hearing, although I am neglecting an argument made after the hearing which was somewhat different -- that is, that there should have been a search warrant obtained on November 13, 1975, for the search of the car where certain of these items were seized.

Defendant Gonzalez moves to suppress all -- now, let's see, Gonzalez moves to suppress --

MR. MICHAELSON: The physical evidence.

THE COURT: The physical evidence taken from his person at the time he was arrested, and the so-called statements about going to California.

MR. MICHAELSON: That's correct.

THE COURT: Perez moves to set aside or suppress all that evidence as it would relate to a conspiracy prosecution against Perez. Right?

MR. PANZER: He is also charged in the second count with possessing with intent to distribute the amount which is under advisement for your Honor.

THE COURT: I am denying all motions for the following reasons.

I have heard the evidence gone into quite thoroughly as to the background of the arrest. I reject the contention that there was a lack of probable cause for the arrest of the

three defendants on the 17th of November 1975.

Very briefly, the findings are as follows:

The government agent found out from an arrested prospective defendant on October 30, 1975, found out or was advised by this defendant, that he had been obtaining heroin from a person known as Felix.

He gave a description of Felix. He said where
Relix worked, and he said what kind of a car Felix drove,
and he said he believed that Felix's sources were two Cuban
males from lower Manhattan, and that Felix would go into
Manhattan via the Williamsburgh Bridge.

Now, the government agents proceeded to check out as best they could what this defendant told them, and in the course of that checking they found out that there was a Felix employed where he was said to be employed, and they found cut that his last name was Ortiz, they found out that he did have the kind of car mentioned registered in his name, and they began at a certain point a surveillance of Felix Ortiz and his car, a Buick Electra.

He was observed by an agent on November 13, 1975, and at that time one person was with Ortiz, and there was a transfer of a brown paper bag from one car to Ortiz's Buick.

However, an arrest was not made at this time for the obvious reason than the agents wanted to carry on further

surveillance in an attempt to become more certain about the nature of the activity, and also to try to locate or observe transactions with the two Cubans.

Such a transaction was actually observed, and it was observed for the first time on November 17th, at which time Felix was observed in Manhactan to have received a brown paper bag from two Cubans who got into his car and then left.

The agents followed Ortiz until he was about ready to go through a tunnel over to Brooklyn, and at the time they decided to arrest him. They stopped his car, they opened the door to arrest him, and readily found a package later found to contain heroin in the car, and they found further a heroin sample on his person.

Ortiz was given advice of his constitutional rights and agreed to cooperate to the extent of advising the agents about his communications that day about the heroin transaction and the plans for making payment that night to the two Cubans. This led to a government agent following the directions of Ortiz, having conversations with the two Cubans about payment, and the arrest of the two Cubans, who later turned out to be defendants Perez and Gonzalez.

Certain items were seized from Gonzalez at the time of his arrest, and there has been a considerable amount of

Perez and Gonzalez. It appears that the agent doing the arresting posed after the arrest as a cohort for the time it took to drive to the government office, and some conversation was had at that time, none of which the government seeks to introduce in evidence.

After arriving at the government office, this agent disclosed his identity as a detective, and after being fully apprised of his rights, constitutional rights, it appears that on two occasions, both that night, the night of the 17th, and the next day, the morning of the 18th, Gonzalez made statements to the effect that he could go to California and get heroin to sell to the agents, and he also denied any knowledge of Felix Ortiz.

Gonzalez seeks to suppress these statements about going to California, and the exculpatory statement about not knowing Ortiz.

I have no doubt that the arrest was made with probable cause, the arrests of all three of these defendants, for the reasons that appear from the facts I have just set out. That to me is quite obvious.

One argument that the defendants make is that a search warrant for the automobile should have been obtained on the 13th of November so that a warrant-based search could

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be made of the car.

I think this is a suggestion that is not founded in the law. It seems to me that under the law the government agents were entitled to go forward with their investigation basically to determine more surely whether Ortiz was involved in a crime and to carry on a more thorough and complete surveillance of his associates acting in connection with him, and it seems to me clear under United States v. Watson, decided by the Supreme Court January 26th of this year, and other cases cited in the Watson case, that there was no violation of the Fourth Amendment in so far as the arrest was concerned or the arrests were concerned in waiting until the 17th and making the arrests as were done.

As far as the searches carried on then they were simply searches of the very immediate surroundings of each defendant and the persons of the defendant of the kind that would be necessary to make sure that there were no concealed weapons or that there was no contraband which would disappear and not be secured. This is all that was done and did not require a search warrant to be obtained previously.

I further find that by the time that Ortiz and Gonzalez made the statements to the governmental authorities which are sought to be suppressed they had been properly advised of their constitutional rights and they understood

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MR. LOPEZ: That would be to make a disposition in

their rights and that those statements were voluntary.

I do not accept the argument of Gonzalez that somehow there was a psychological carryover from the so-called deception Rodriguez practiced in the car on the way to the office that made his statements involuntary. I believe they were fully voluntary and that they were made for some purpose best known to Mr. Gonzalez, but certainly voluntary.

So the motions to suppress are denied in their entirety.

Now, I have a hearing now which I am quite a bit late for, and I have to finish up another trial tomorrow morning. I hoped to get the jury selected tonight, but obviously we haven't been able to do that. If I could commence the trial at two o'clock tomorrow afternoon, that's what I hope to do.

MR. LOPEZ: I have an application as far as Ortiz

MR. PANZER: Once we start the trial at two tomorrow, we will go through?

is concerned with respect to the trial, but I can make it

THE COURT: Yes.

tomorrow at two o'clock.

THE COURT: That is that?

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this case as far as Ortiz is concerned.

THE COURT: I think it would be well to know -
I think it would help everybody to know exactly who is going
on trial and who isn't.

MR. DAVIS: It would certainly help me, and may avoid delays tomorrow. I may have to instruct witnesses not to say certain things.

THE COURT: How much can we solidify that tonight?

MR. PANZER: Judge, if we could perhaps have a

conference with you and the United States Attorney we could

solidify many things. I don't know if you have the time.

THE COURT: I have another matter. Do you want to get in at nine o'clock tomorrow morning?

MR. PANZER: If it has to be done we will be here tomorrow morning at nine o'clock.

THE COURT: We have two defendants in custody.

MR. PANZER: We could solidify some matters, and then if we need the defendants we can do that in the afternoon.

THE COURT: I will see you at nine.

MR. LOPEZ: At least we should have Ortiz here, because his matter is already solidified.

THE COURT: Is he in custody?

MR. LOPEZ: Yes.

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THE COURT: Let's have all the lawyers and defendants here at nine o'clock tomorrow, and I think that will help us a great deal.

(Adjourned to March 11, 1976, at 9:00 a.m.)

SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. - 791-1020

MD 1
United States of America

75 Cr. 1155

United States of America
v.
Victoriano Bohez Perez,
Felix Ortiz and
Rigoberto Gonzalez

March 11, 1976 11:40 a.m.

BEFORE:

Hon. THOMAS P. GRIESA,

District Judge

APPEARANCES:

Robert B. iske, Jr., Esq.,
United States Attorney
Frederick T. Davis, Esq.,
Assistant United States Attorney

Edward Panzer, Esq.,
Attorney for defendant Perez

Frank Lopez, Esq.,
Attorney for defendant Ortiz

Alvin S. Michaelson, Esq., Attorney for defendant Gonzalez

Al o Present

Norma Seltzer, Interpreter.

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(Case called. All parties r .t.)

MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, most respectfully, I have had conversations with the defendant Felix Ortiz --

THE COURT: Mr. Ortiz, why don't you come up by your attorney?

MR. LOPEZ: --with the defendant Felix Ortiz, and we have gone over the merits of this case, and at this time he has authorized me to withdraw his previously entered plea of not guilty and has authorized me to enter a plea of quilty to the second count of the indictment, which is the substantive count.

I have explained to Mr. Ortiz his various rights, and the waivers that we will have to effect.

I have also mentioned to him the fact that he has an exposure on that count, your Honor, as I recall, of fifteen years. There is a fine possibility of \$25,000, and a special parole of three years; that, furthermore, your Honor, I have not received any representations as far as this case is concerned.

I have indicated to him that your Honor will hear both sides, your Honor will also read a probation and a presentence report, and at the time of sentence your Honor will be guided accordingly.

The only thing that I have reserved for Mr.

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Ortiz, the Court consenting, and I have spoken with Mr.

Davis about this matter, is to reserve his rights to appeal
the denial of the motion to suppress which your Honor heard
yesterday, and to this effect both the government and Mr.

Ortiz and myself have entered into a stipulation which is,
of course, predicated on the Court's consent, which we have
all executed, your Honor, which I am presently turning over
to the clerk of the Court for your Honor s perusal.

THE COURT: I will take that.

In other words, Mr. Lopez, what you are saying is that the -- is what you believe and Mr. Ortiz believes are the necessities of the case really arise from the denial of the suppression motions, and if my ruling stands --

MR. LOPEZ: There are no issues here.

THE COURT: -- there are no issues, but you want to reserve your right to appeal.

MR. LOPEZ: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: I think that is perfectly satisfactory to me.

I will execute the -- I will order the -- put a "so ordered" on here.

MR. LOPEZ: Thank you very much. I appreciate that, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And I will return this to

		(1 ')
1	MD 4	142
2	you.	
3		Now, I will
4		MR. LOPEZ: Your Honor, can we make that part of
5	the Court	file?
6		THE COURT: Yes, it will be part of the file.
7		THE CLERK: I will file it.
8		THE COURT: Now, may I question Mr. Ortiz?
9		MR. LOPEZ: You certainly may.
10	BY THE COL	JRT:
11	o	Do you understand English, Mr. Ortiz?
12	A	Yes, sir.
13	Q	Do you understand what I am saying to you, and do
14	you unders	stand what your attorney has said?
15	A	Yes, sir.
16	Q	Are you satisfied with the representation and
17	advice gi	ven to you by your attorney, Mr. Lopez?
18	A	Yes, sir.
19	Q	How old are you?
20	A	Thirty.
21	Ω	How much education have you had?
22	A	I had first year high school.
23	Q	You are not under the influence of any alcohol
24	or narcot	ics today?
25	Α .	No, sir.

MD 5

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Q You are not under any confusion; you understand what we are doing, right?

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A Yes, sir.

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O Are the statements you are making to me made of your own free will under the circumstances and conditions that Mr. Lopez has outlined?

A Yes, sir.

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Q And reserving your right to appeal from the suppression hearing motions, you are willing to plead guilty to this Count 2, right?

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A Yes, sir.

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Q You understand that Count 2 charges that on or about November 17, 1975, you and Mr. Perez and Mr. Gonzalez possessed with intent to distribute about 1200 grams of heroir. Do you understand that to be the charge?

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A Yes, sir.

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O I want to ask you some questions to make sure you understand the rights you would be giving up in pleading

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guilty.

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THE COURT: Just to save our time, I want the other defendants to listen to these questions through the translator and so that you can perhaps -- perhaps we can respond in a little shorter order when we get to these other defendants. This is not an attempt to be technical about

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the law, but these are basic rights that you have and you will be giving up.

- Now, do you understand that you would have a right, if you didn't plead guilty, to go to trial this afternoon before a jury? Do you understand that?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q Do you understand that the government would have to prove your guilt beyond a reasonable doubt?
 - A Yes, sir.
- And the government would have to bring before you and your attorney all the witnesses against you, and your attorney would have he right to cross examine those witnesses--do y a understand that?
 - A Yes, sir.
- O And do you understand that you would not be compelled in any way to incriminate yourself, and you would have the right to sit silent if you so chose? Do you understand that?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Now, do you understand that your attorney would have the right to subpoena any witnesses that were available to testify in your favor?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - O Do you understand that if you plead guilty I will

have the right to question you and perhaps put you under oath and that you will have to answer those questions truthfully, subject to penalties for false testimony?

- A Yes, sir.
- Q Do you understand that?
- A Yes, sir.
- O Okay.

Now, do you understand -- you understood what your attorney said about the possible penalty that could be imposed for this offense?

- A Yes, sir.
- And you understand that there is no -- that the exact sentence to be imposed is up to me as the Court, and I am not making any commitment or agreement, and I really can't make that decision until I know the whole -- all the information I can get about you and your record and the circumstances of the offense, and so forth, and at that time I will decide what the sentence should be.

Do you understand tha ?

- A Yes, sir.
- And do you understand that -- as I understand it, there is no agreement with the government except that they will drop Count 1 in the event that the proceeding goes forward on the guilty plea and there is no reversal in the Court of Appeals on the suppression motions.

SOUTHERN DESIRECT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. - 791-1020

MR. DAVIS: The statements made on the guilty plea

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are not admissible under Rule 410 of the Rules of Evidence.

THE COURT: We have kind of an alternative path here. I want to make sure that you are going to be free and full in your disclosure to me and to the probation officer. That's the only way I can get any help in knowing what sentence to impose. Right now that is in your best interests as well as in the best interests of the Court.

DEFENDANT ORTIZ: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I guess what this means is if you appeal and the Court of Appeals reverses me then all of these statements are inadmissible. Right?

MR.LOPEZ: That's correct.

THE COURT: Both to me on the guilty plea and to the probation officer.

MR. LOPEZ: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. That's my understanding, and I think that's the only fair way to handle it, and you should realize that, and you should talk perfectly freely and candidly and fully to the probation officer, because it is the only way that this proceeding is going to mean anything.

- Q Do you understand that?
- A Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And you will so advise him, right?

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MR. LOPEZ: I already have, your Honor.

THE COURT: I think this is a sufficient basis for the plea, is it not?

MR. DAVIS: Yes, I think so.

THE COURT: The Court accepts the guilty plea on the part of Mr. Ortiz, and we will set a sentencing date in a moment.

Will you own?

Mr. Michaelson and Mr. Gonzalez, will you step forward? And you will have to bring the interpreter with you.

BY THE COURT (Through the Interpreter):

- Q How old are you, Mr. Gonzalez?
- A I am 37 years old.
- Q Do you understand what we are doing here today?
- A Through my interpreter.
- Q And are you acting of your own free will?
- A Yes, sir.
- Q And have you consulted earlier with your attorney,
 Mr. Michaelson?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - And are you satisfied with his advice to you?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - Q Did you hear me outline to Mr. Ortiz the nature

And I am unable to make any commitments or

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agreements now as to exactly what that sentence would be; do you understand that?

A Yes, sir.

Do you understand that I am entitled to ask you questions about this offense, and you are required to answer, and if you don't answer truthfully you would be subject to penalites for not answering truthfully?

A Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Have any agreements been made between you and the government? Either you or your attorney can answer.

MR. MICHAELSON: The only agreement that I am aware of is that the other count would be dismissed at the appropriate time -- I believe that's Count 1 -- and that -- I believe that we are also given the same right as Mr. Ortiz to take an appeal on the evidence that came in yesterday, based upon the evidence and based upon the stipulation.

That's what Mr. Davis indicated to me previously.

MR. DAVIS: As to the stipulation to the appeal I have not drawn up a formal stipulation. I do not think one is necessary. In fact, there are cases where there was no mention of right to appeal.

THE COURT: In other words, you have the similar rights as worked out in the written stipulation with Mr.

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Ortiz, and you agree that Mr. Gonzalez and Mr. Perez have those same rights?

MR. DAVIS: Precisely.

As to the agreement as to the dismissal of the other count, I indicated clearly to Mr. Michaelson the government is perfectly willing to allow him to plead to one count on the ondition Mr. Gonzalez states that he is willing to sit down and be forthcoming with the government as to what he knows about the business. If he states that now I am perfectly willing to go ahead.

MR. MICHAELSON: It was my understanding Mr.

Davis was going to subpoena my client before a grand jury.

That's what he told me. That's the thing he mentioned.

And I indicated my client indicated to me he would testify truthfully before the grand jury.

That's the only commitment I made.

THE COURT: Are you willing to do that, testify before a grand jury, as to what you know?

MR. GONZALEZ: Yes, sir.

MR. DAVIS: That's fine, your Honor.

O You describe in your own words what it is you did to dommit this offense referred to in the second count.

MR. MICHAELSON: I think, your Honor, we ought to indicate that is the possession with intent to distribute.

1	MD 14			
2	A Your Honor what is it you would like to know?			
3	Q Well, I want to know why don't you			
4	question him, Mr. Michaelson? I think that's easier.			
5	BY MR. MIChAELSON:			
6	Q Mr. Gonzalez, on this particular day, November			
7	17, 1975, did you have a package in conjunction with your			
8	brother?			
9	A Yes.			
10	Q And did you know what was in that particular			
11	package?			
12	Λ Yes, sir.			
13	Ω And did you assist in giving that package to			
14	Mr. Ortiz?			
15	A Yes, sir.			
16	Ω On November 17th?			
17	A Yes, sir.			
18	B) THE COURT:			
19	Q And you knew that was heroin, right? You			
20	knew that was heroin?			
21	A Yes, sir.			
22	MR. MICHAELSON: Is that sufficient?			
23	THE COURT: I think that is. That is			
24	sufficient for the guilty plea.			

If you could sit down, I will question Mr.

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Perez for a moment.

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standing up?

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THE COURT: All right.

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MR. PANZER: Your Honor, just to cut the matter short, I join all the applications made by prior counsel with respect to the appeal, and your Honor indicated that --

MS. SELTZER: He would like to stand.

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THE COURT: That is understood.

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MR. PANZER: Your Honor indicated that on the

Is Mr. Perez more comfortable sitting down or

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record.

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Prior to today, on Indictment 75 Cr. 1155, Mr. Per

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entered a plea of not guilty. Today he wishes to change

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that plea to guilty to Count 2.

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I have explained to him possible maximum sentence could be fifteen years, \$25,000 fine, and if a

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prison term were imposed a special condition of parole

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BY THE COURT (Through the Interpreter):

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O Do you understand all of that, Mr. Perez?

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A Yes, sir.

for at least three years.

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MR. PANZER: He is forty years old. Most of

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his education has been in Cuba, and he is prepared to plead.

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THE COURT: Mr. Perez, did you hear the questions I asked to Mr. Ortiz about the right to a jury trial, and so forth?

DEFENDANT PEREZ (Through interpreter): Yes, sir.
BY THE COURT:

- Q You understand you would be giving up those rights by pleading guilty?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q And you understood me outlining thenature of the charge in Count 2?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - Q All right.
 - Now, are you acting of your own free will now?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Do you understand that I would have a right to question you about the offense, and you would be obligated to answere truthfully questions?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Youwould be required to answer truthfully subject to penalties for not answering truthfully.
 - A The truth always.
- Do you understand that the exact sentence to be imposed is up to me to decide, and I will only decide that after I get a full report about you?

MR. MICHAELSON: That would be satisfactory to

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me.

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THE COURT: What time could you make it?

MR. PANZER: Five o'clock.

THE COURT: You are not free the 12th, Mr.

Michaelson?

MR. MICHAELSON: Myproblem is this --

THE COURT: Let's not string this along.

I will take it five o'clock April 19th in this room.

MR. MICHAELSON: I trust there will be no problem, but the 12th would have been a problem since I would have had to be in California on the 13th.

THE COURT: April 19th in this room at vie o'clock.

MR. DAVIS: The only remaining issue, your Honor, is that of bail. Mr. Perez --

> THE COURT: Wait a minute. (Pause) Okay, what's your problem?

MR. DAVIS: Mr. Perez and Mr. Ortiz are both in jail on \$35,000 security in lieu of \$35,000 in cash. Mr. Gonzalez has met that and has paid \$35,000, I believe, by security.

It is my position, your Honor, that all three of these people were involved in a fairly, in fact quite substantial heroin transaction to which they have now pleaded guilty. Although the sentence is entirely up to

your Monor, I thank the chances of them getting a jail term is very substantial and I think all three of them should be remanded to start serving their sentences.

MR. MICHAELSON: My client lives in California. He knew when he came here that he was going to be --

THE COURT: I am not going to change the bail conditions. Bail conditions will remain.

MR. MICHAELSON: Thank you very much.

THE COURT: I just want to say that I -look, I say to you, Mr. Gonzalez, that I am -- the reason
I am allowing the bail conditions to remain, even after you
have pleaded guilty, is because you came to court when
you were required yesterday.

Now, I just can't emphasize to you enough that it is in your interests to be available for whatever you are needed: with the probation officers, with the grand jury, or whatever. This is essential for you, and if you skip out you, as far as any life, at least in this country, any chance of making a good showing to the Court, it's gone.

I think you understand that, and I just want to emphasize that to you, and I want you to emphasize it to him, Mr. Michaelson.

MR. MICHAELSON: I have.

WITNESS INDEX

Name	Direct	Cross	Redirect	Recross
Donald Alfred Klopfer	7	48	72	74
Angel Rodriguez	75	88		

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U.S. COURT OF APPEALS:2nd CIRCUIT

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Index No.

pellee

76-1302

- against -

Affidavit of Personal Service

FELIX ORTIZ,

APPELLANT.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF

\$5.:

I. Victor Ortega.

depose and say that deponent is not a party to the action, is over 18 years of age and resides at 1027 Avenue St. John, Bronx, New York

That on the 21st day of July 1976 at St. Andrews Plaza

deponent served the annexed

Spendix

upon

Robert Fiske, United States Attorney

the in this action by delivering a true copy thereof to said individual personally. Deponent knew the person so served to be the person mentioned and described in said papers as the Attorney(s) herein,

Sworn to before me, this 21st day of July 1976

VICTOR ORTEGA

ROBERT T. BRIN NOTARY FUBIC, State of New York No. 31 0418950

Qualiced in New York County Commission Expires March 30, 1977